

# Sağlıkta ve Hastalıkta Virobiyom

I. VİRAL İNFEKSİYONLAR VE  
BAĞIŞIKLAMA SİMPOZYUMU

19-21  
EYLÜL 2024

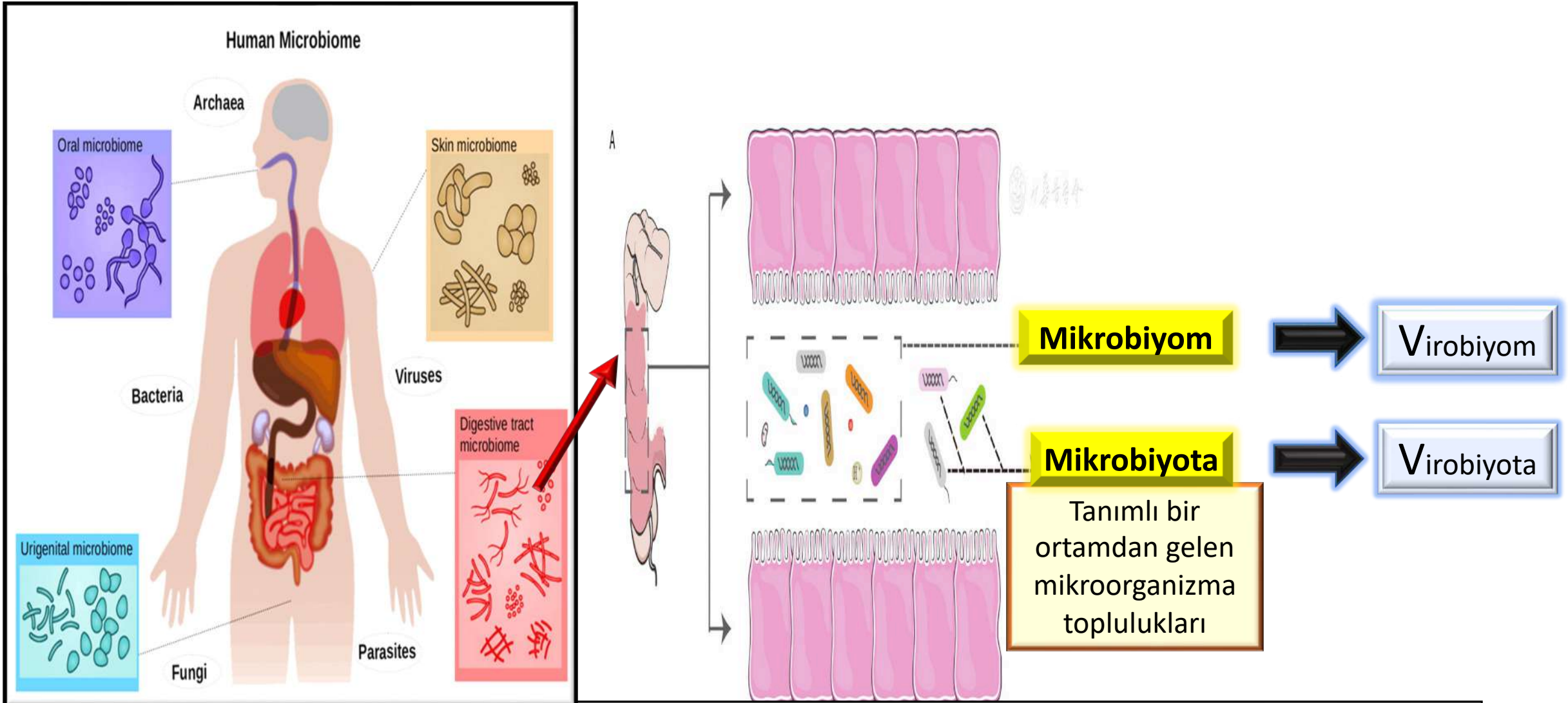


Image 15/21 from *1000 Handshakes*, a bioartistic  
microbiome mapping project.

[Francois-Joseph Lapointe, Université de Montréal, CC BY](#)

Dr. Murat YAMAN

**“Mikrobiyom”** geniş mikrobiyal toplulukları (bakteriler, virüsler, arkeler, mantarlar ve protozoalar), genomları ve çevre koşulları dahil tüm yaşam alanlarını





## ***Virobiyom***; Mikrobiyomun viral fraksiyonu

"**V**irobiota" terimi bir konakçı içindeki virüs topluluğunu

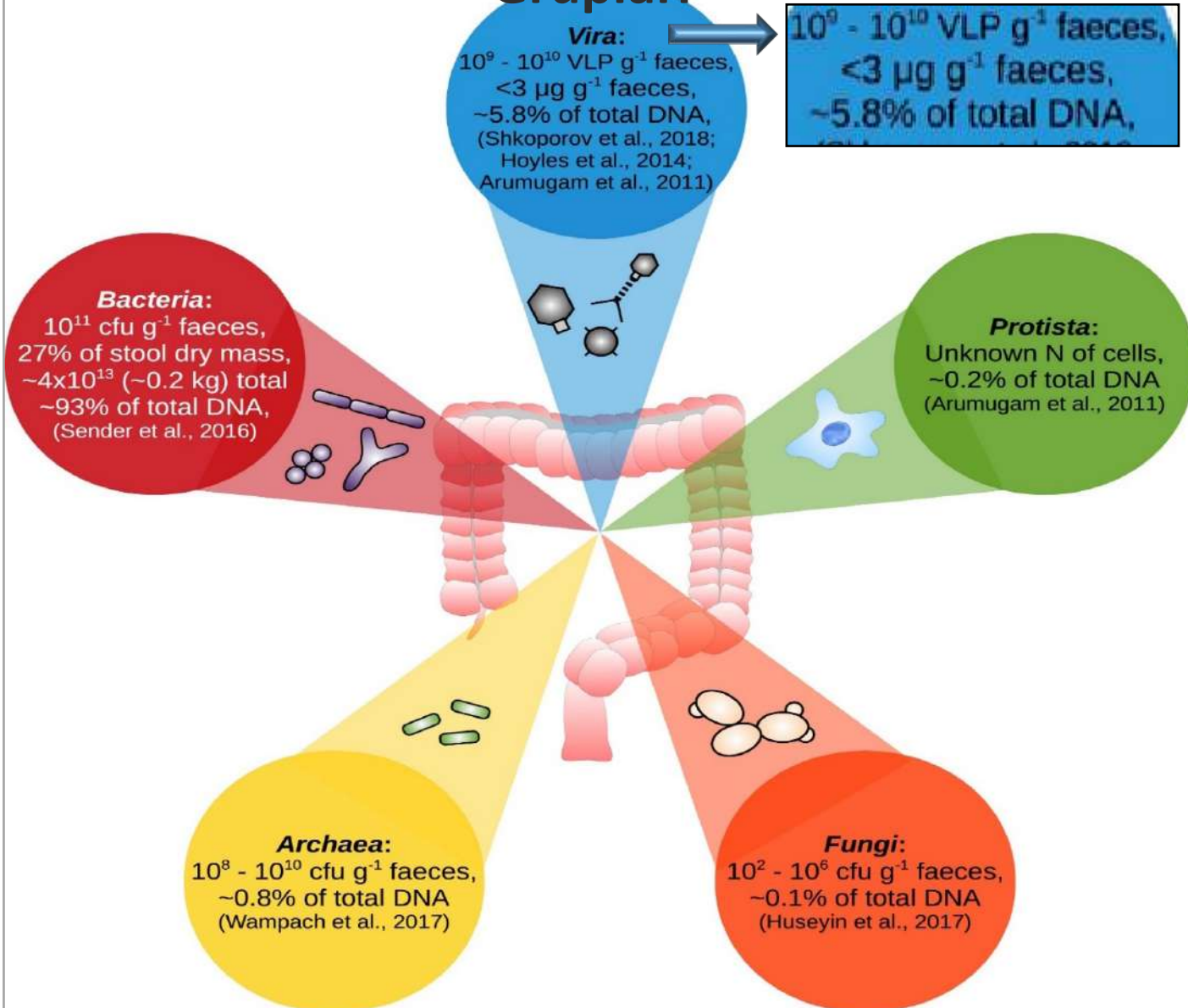
«**V**irom" **V**irobiotadan gelen tüm gen setini ifade

etse de

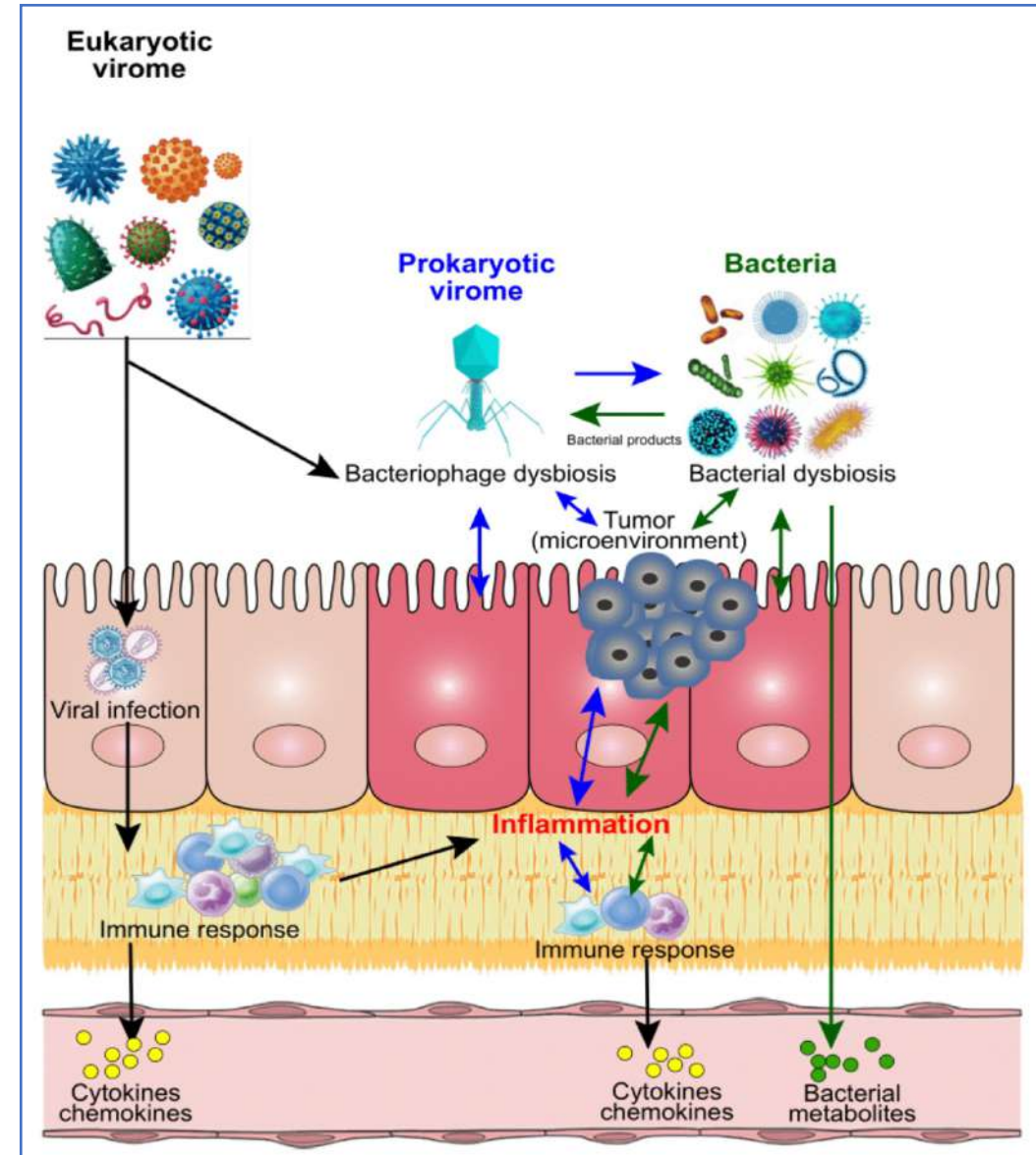
**V**irobiota ↔ **V**irom

# Bağırsak Mikrobiyomunun Taksonomik

## Grupları



# Virom & Mikrobiyom Etkileşimi



# The human virome: assembly, composition and host interactions

Guanxiang Liang  & Frederic D. Bushman *Nature Reviews Microbiology* **19**, 514–527 (2021) | [Cite this article](#)60k Accesses | 281 Citations | 322 Altmetric | [Metrics](#)

Abstract | The human body hosts vast microbial communities, termed the microbiome. Less well known is the fact that the human body also hosts vast numbers of different viruses, collectively termed the 'virome'. Viruses are believed to be the most abundant and diverse biological entities on our planet, with an estimated  $10^{31}$  particles on Earth. The human virome is similarly vast and complex, consisting of approximately  $10^{13}$  particles per human individual, with great heterogeneity. In recent years, studies of the human virome using metagenomic sequencing and other methods have clarified aspects of human virome diversity at different body sites, the relationships to disease states and mechanisms of establishment of the human virome during early life. Despite increasing focus, it remains the case that the majority of sequence data in a typical virome study remain unidentified, highlighting the extent of unexplored viral 'dark matter'. Nevertheless, it is now clear that viral community states can be associated with adverse outcomes for the human host, whereas other states are characteristic of health. In this Review, we provide an overview of research on the human virome and highlight outstanding recent studies that explore the assembly, composition and dynamics of the human virome as well as host–virome interactions in health and disease.

Virüslerin dünyamızda, çok sayıda ve çeşitte biyolojik varlıklar olduğuna inanılmakta ve Dünya'da tahmini  $10^{31}$  VLP

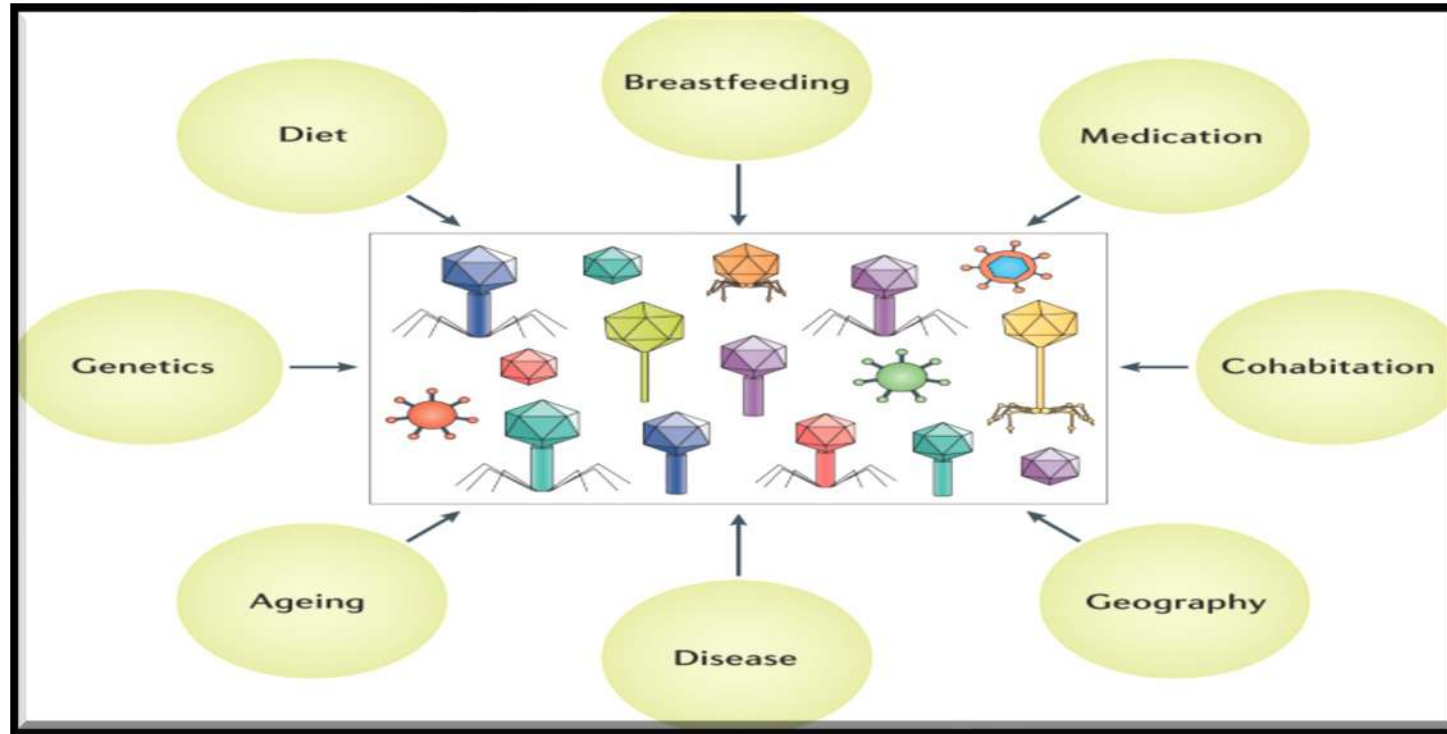
İnsan Viromunda  $\sim 10^{13}$  VLP

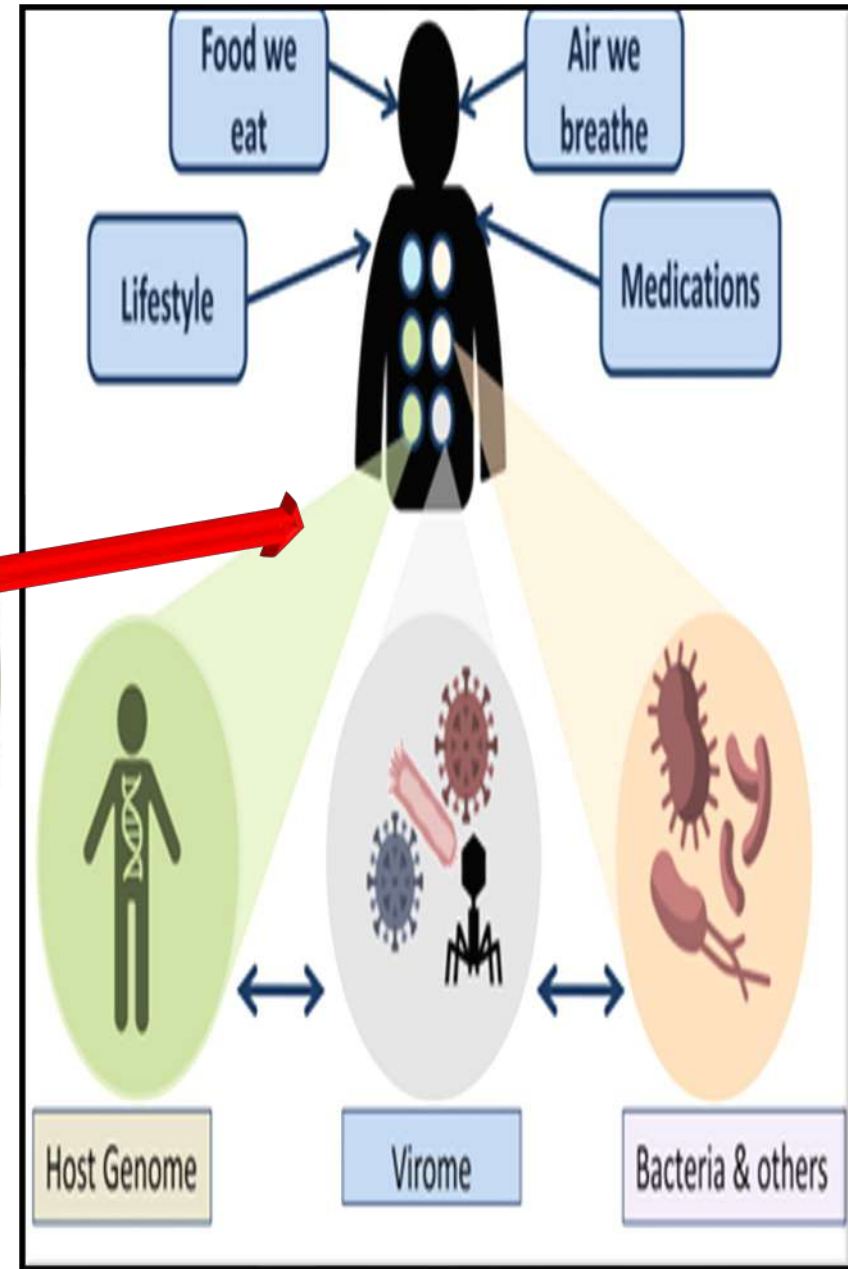
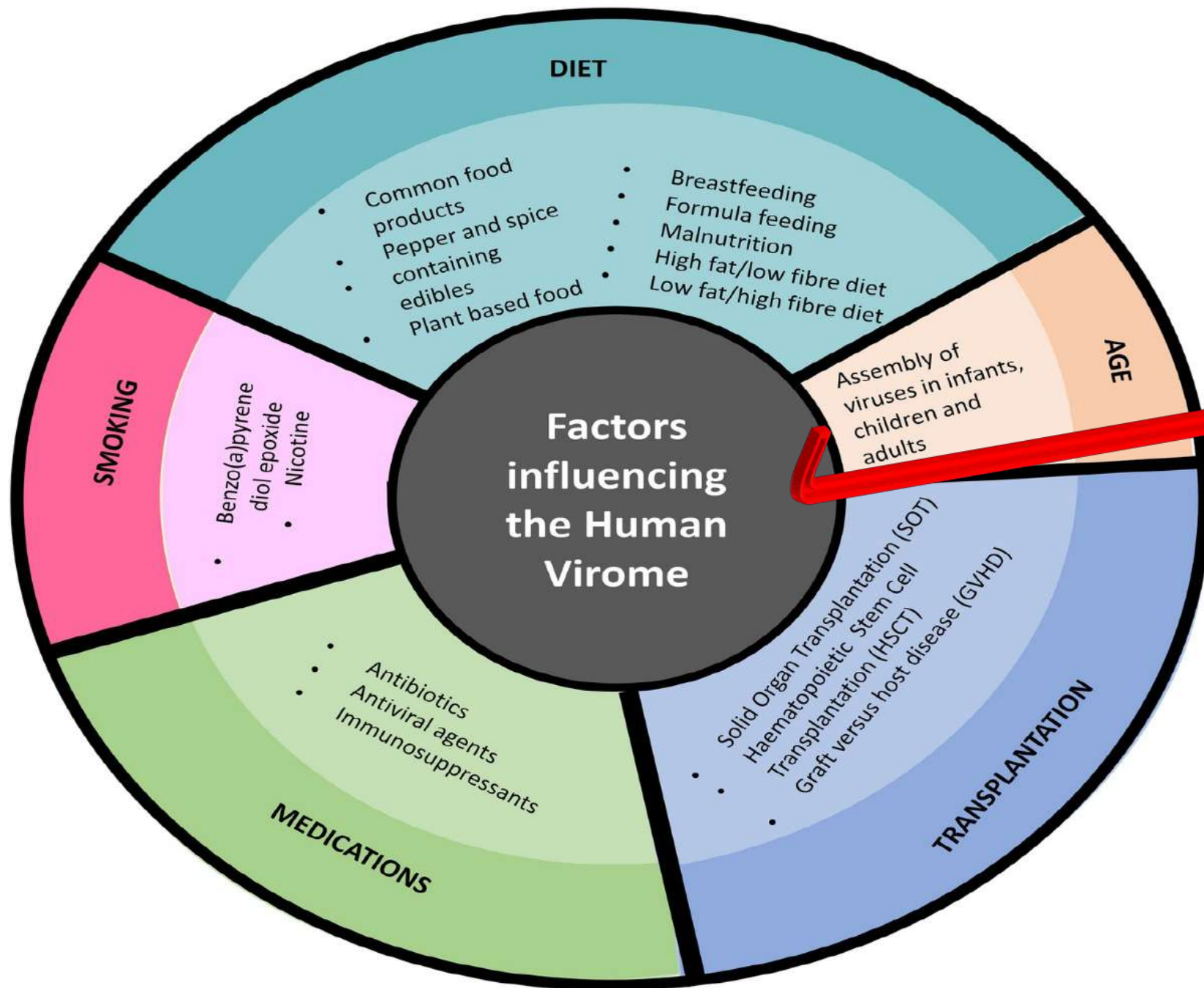
Keşfedilmemiş **Viral 'karanlık madde'**  
**Virom** çalışmasındaki dizi verilerinin çoğu tanımlanmamış



Virüsler, Yaşamın Olduğu Tüm Alanları Enfekte Edebilirler

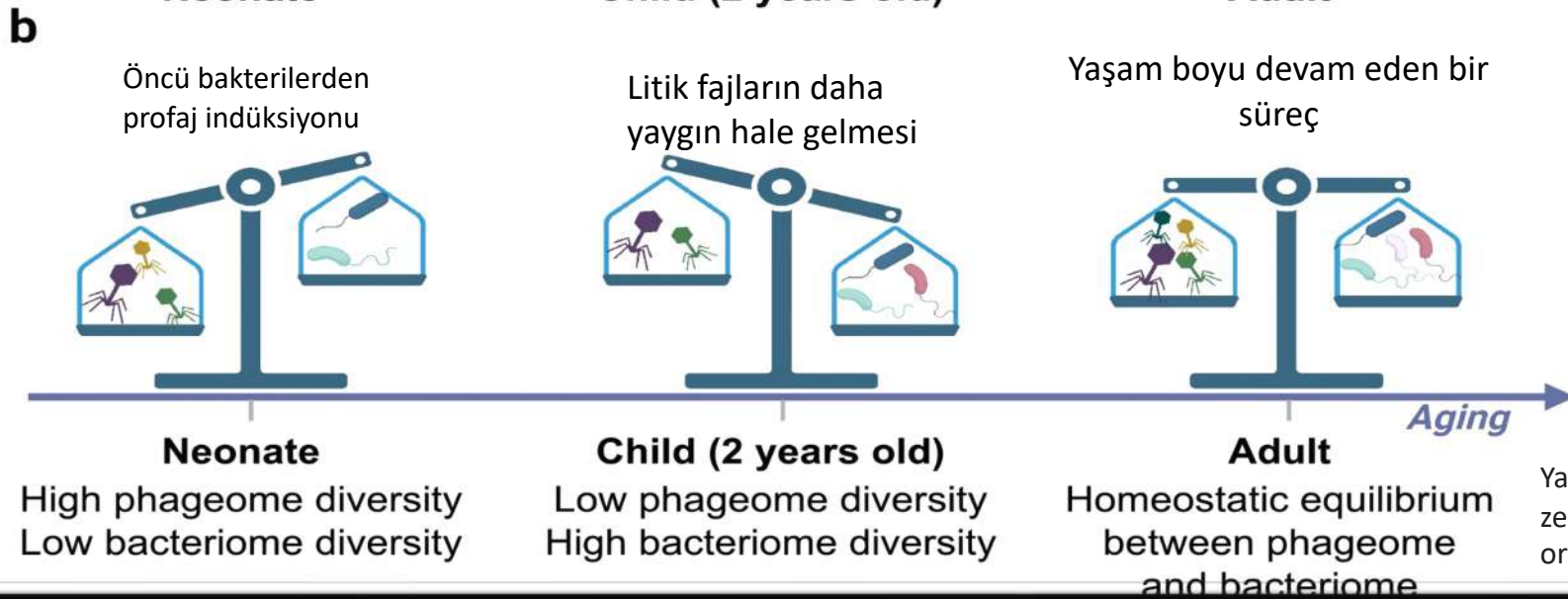
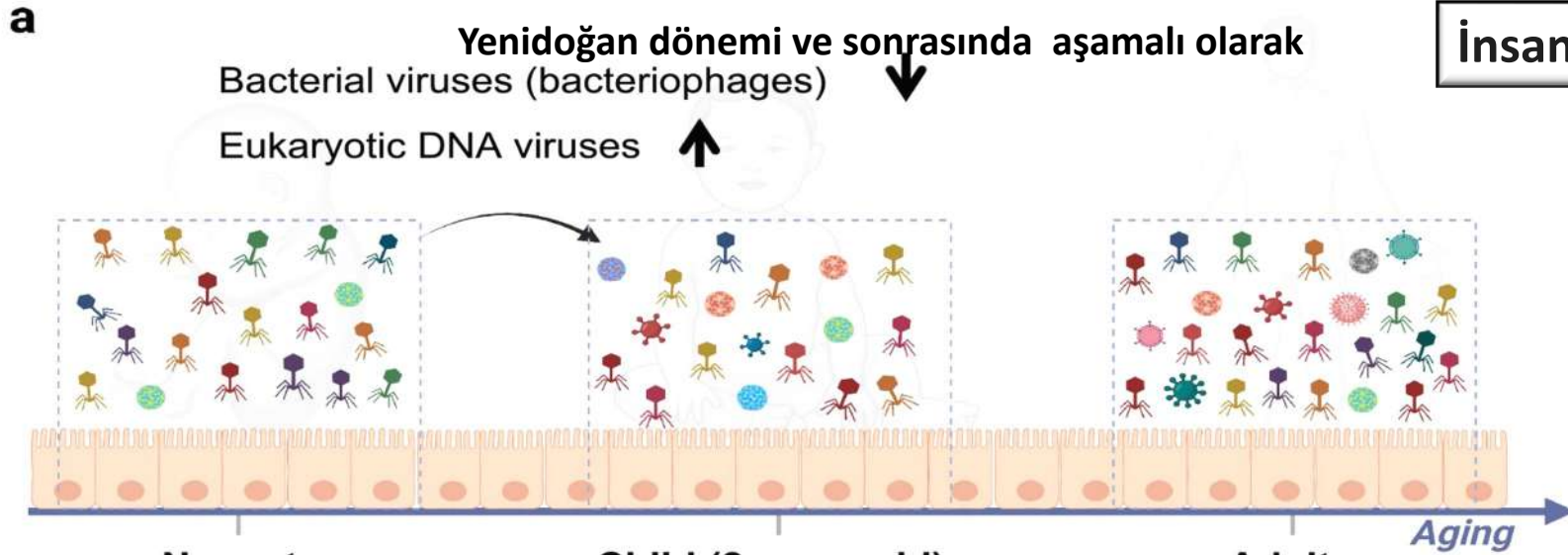
İnsan Viromunun Belirleyicileri?





# Viromumuzu Nasıl Ediniriz?

## İnsan Bağırsağı Viromunun Bileşimi



- Adult-like gut virome**
- Bacterial viruses**  
(bacteriophages, > 90%)  
dsDNA phages:  
*Caudovirales*  
ssDNA phages:  
*Microviridae*
- Eukaryotic DNA viruses (< 10%)**  
Anelloviruses  
Herpesviruses  
Adenoviruses
- Eukaryotic RNA viruses**  
Plant viruses  
Sapoviruses  
Rotaviruses  
Coronaviruses

Yaşa bağlı olarak a) Bağırsak viromunun bileşimi, zenginliği ve çeşitliliği b) Bakteriyofaj/bakteri bolluğu oranı değişir.



- Yakın zamanlarda keşfedilen yeni virüsler, veritabanları....
- Güncel Ulusal Biyoteknoloji Bilgi Merkezi (NCBI) Genom veritabanı, 11.697 viral genom dizisi içermekte

# Viruses - 11697 complete genomes

~%90

- Adnaviria [28]
- Avsunviroidae [5]
- Duplodnaviria [4551]
- Halspiviridae [1]
- Ovaliviridae [1]
- Pospiviroidae [37]
- Spiraviridae [1]
- environmental samples [2]
- Alphasatellitidae [107]
- Bicaudaviridae [8]
- Fuselloviridae [10]
- Itzamnaviridae [1]
- Plasmaviridae [1]
- Riboviria [4298]
- Thaspiviridae [1]
- unclassified archaeal viruses [5]
- Ampullaviridae [3]
- Clavaviridae [1]
- Globuloviridae [2]
- Monodnaviria [1633]
- Polydnviriformidae [6]
- Ribozyviria [3]
- Tolecusatellitidae [142]
- unclassified bacterial viruses [5]
- Anelloviridae [112]
- Dinodnavirus [1]
- Guttaviridae [1]
- Naldaviricetes [104]
- Portogloboviridae [2]
- Satellites [51]
- Varidnaviria [272]
- unclassified viruses [302]



# VİRÜS TAKSONOMİSİ

Virüs sınıflandırması; virüslerin yapı (morfoloji), nükleik asit tipi, çoğalma şekli, konakçı ve neden oldukları hastalıklar...

Günümüzde iki ana sınıflandırma

## 1-Baltimore

Virüslerin NA, ds/ss, polarite (mRNA sentezi) ve replikasyon stratejileri

## 2- ICTV

- I. Partikül Özellikleri
- II. Genom Organizasyonu ve Replikasyon
- III. Antijenik Özellikler

.....virüs dünyasının (viroster) megataksonomisi ...

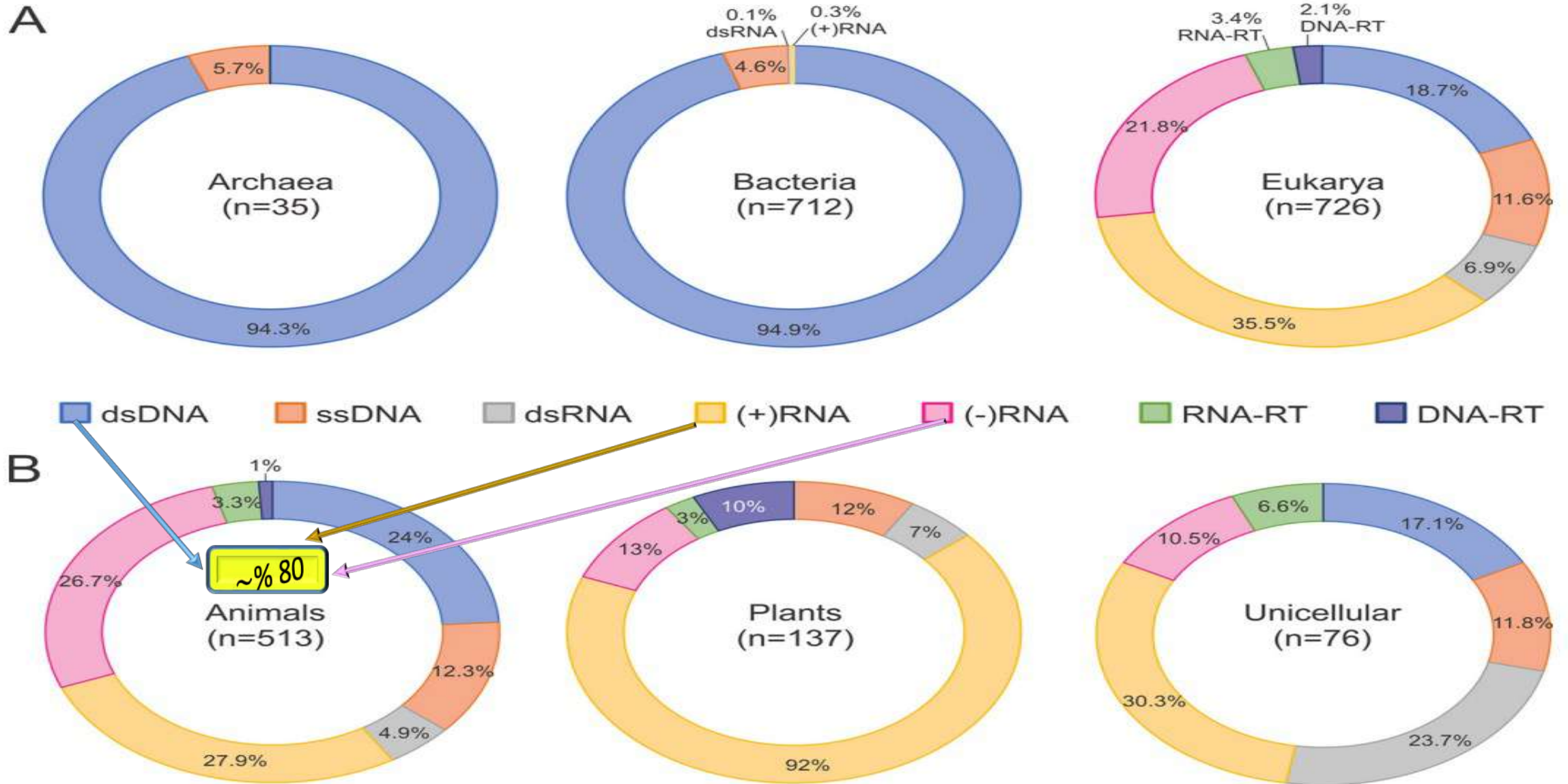
# Baltimore Virüs Sınıfları ve Temel Moleküler/ Biyolojik Özellikleri

BC	Virion nucleic acid	Genome structure	Genome size, kb <sup>a</sup>	Genome segmentation	Packaging of components of replication/transcription machineries	Konaklar
I	dsDNA	Mostly linear	5–2,500	None	No replication, transcription in some <i>Adenoviruses, Herpesviruses, Poxviruses</i>	Bacteria and archaea, protists, animals; none in plants, rare in fungi
II	ssDNA	Mostly circular	1.7–25	Mostly nonsegmented	None <i>Parvoviruses</i>	Bacteria, rare in archaea; most eukaryotes
III	dsRNA	linear	4–30	Mostly segmented	All packaged <i>Reoviruses</i>	Protists, animals, plants; one family in bacteria, none in archaea
IV	(+)RNA	linear	3.5–40	Mostly nonsegmented but many segmented	None <i>Picornaviruses, Togaviruses</i>	All eukaryotes; one class with six families in bacteria, none in archaea
V	(-)RNA	Mostly linear	1.7–20	Roughly half segmented	Nearly all packaged <i>Orthomyxoviruses, Rhabdoviruses</i>	Animals, plants, rare in fungi, protists; none in <u>bacteria or archaea</u>
VI	(+)RNA, RT	Linear	5–13	Nonsegmented	All packaged <i>Retroviruses</i>	All eukaryotes; none in <u>bacteria or archaea</u>
VII	dsDNA, RT	Circular	3–10	Nonsegmented	Mostly packaged <i>Hepadnaviruses</i>	Animals, plants; unknown in protists; none in <u>bacteria or archaea</u>

<sup>a</sup>The information on genome size ranges is from the 10th ICTV report



# Baltimore Virüs Sınıfı & Konakçı Aralığı Dağılımı





# International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses: ICTV

## Official Taxonomic Resources



**ICTV Taxonomy Browser**

Search and browse the virus taxonomy



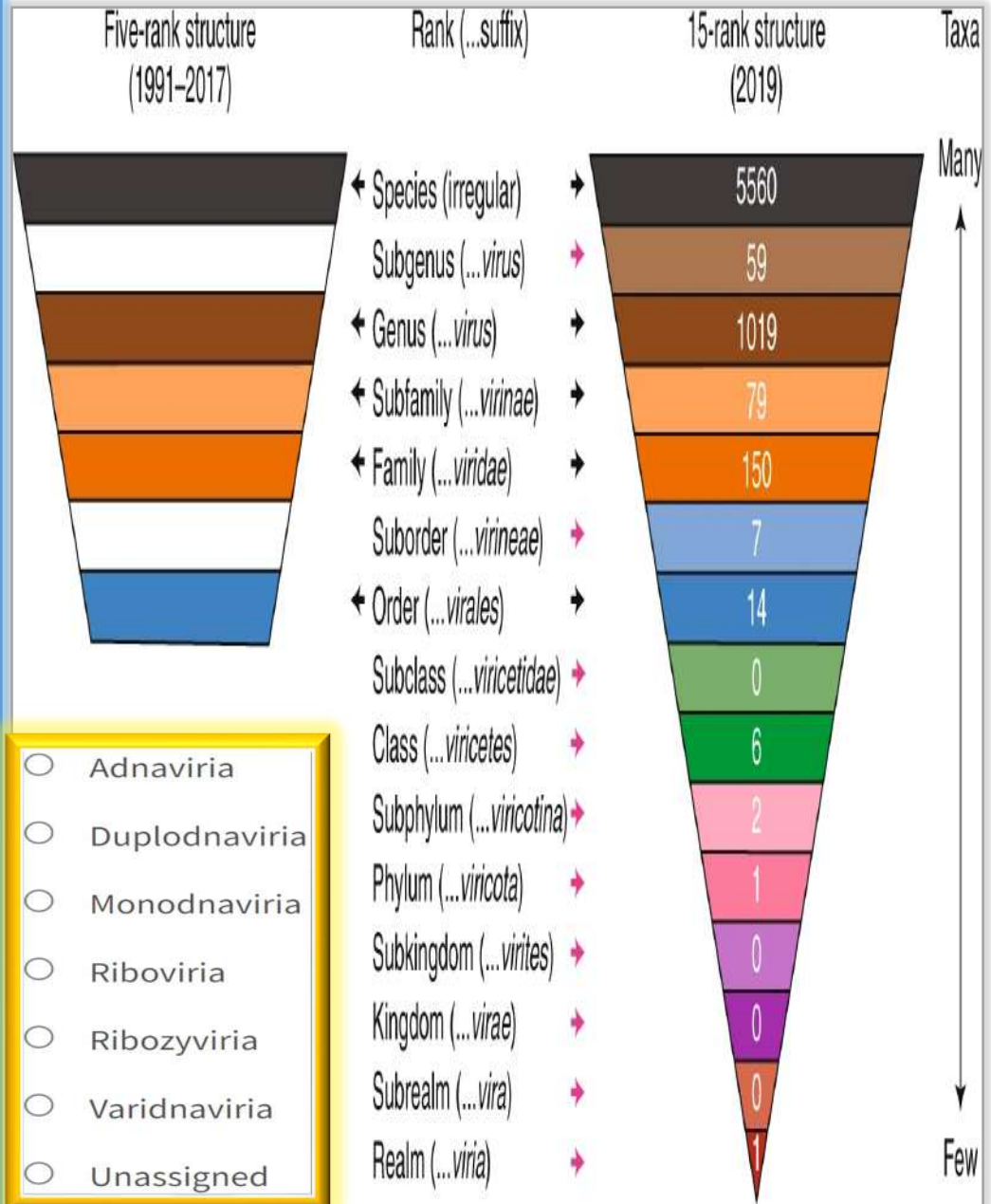
**Master Species List**

MSL: Spreadsheet of all current species



**Virus Metadata Resource**

VMR: Virus exemplars for every species

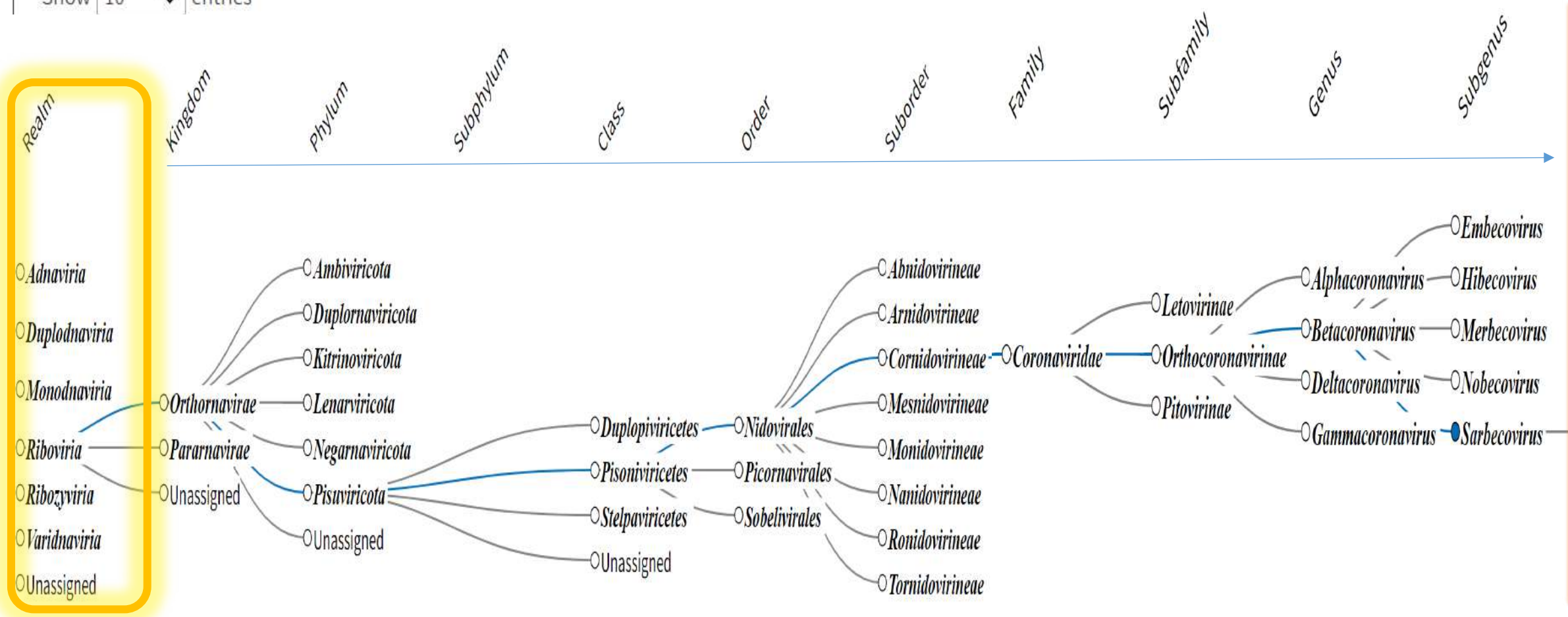




# Visual Taxonomy Browser

Release: 2023 (MSL 39) | Font size: [Slider] | Zoom: [Slider] | Export: SVG | Search: betacoronavirus pandemicum | Include all ICTV releases:

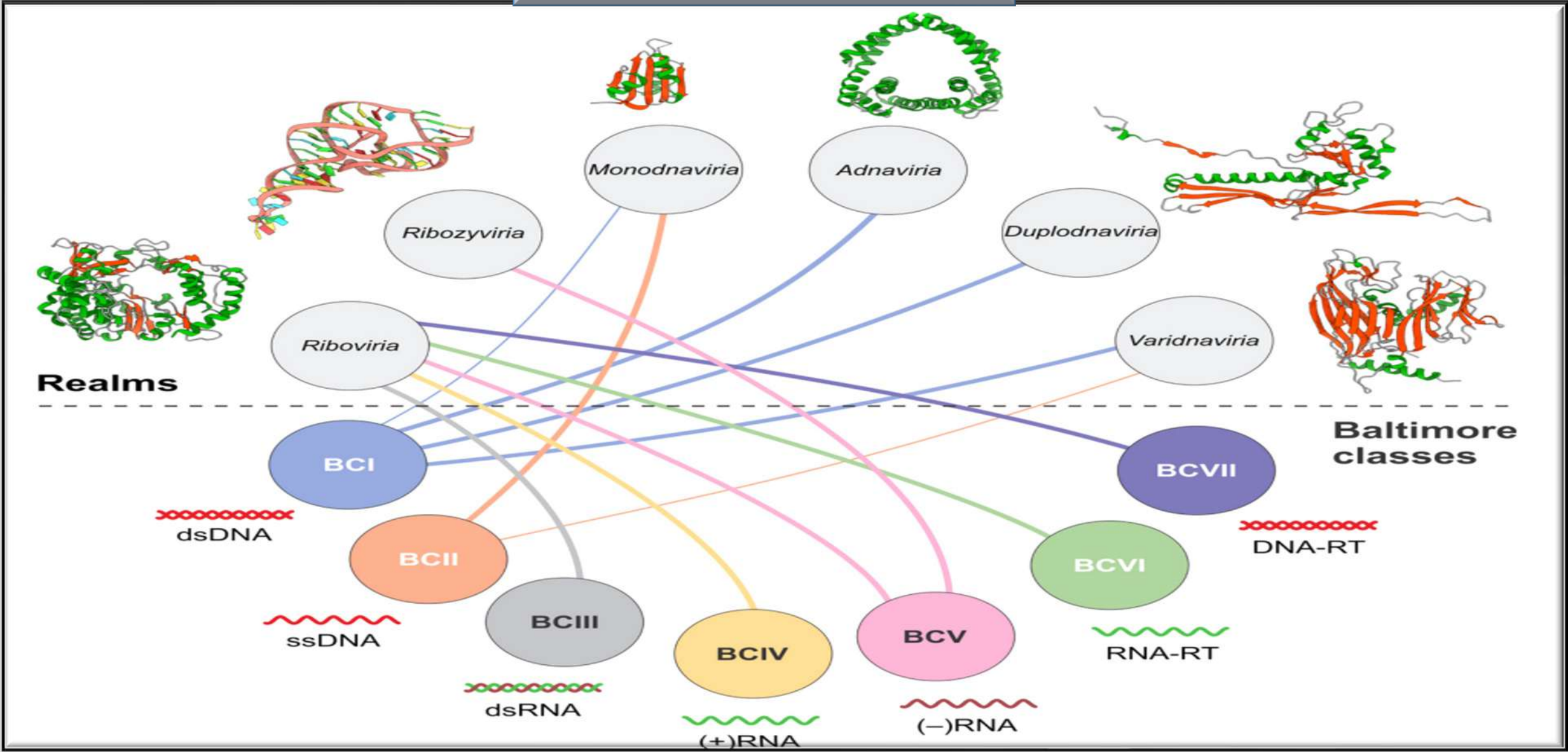
Show 10 entries



- Adnaviria
- Duplodnaviria
- Monodnaviria
- Riboviria
- Ribozyviria
- Varidnaviria
- Unassigned

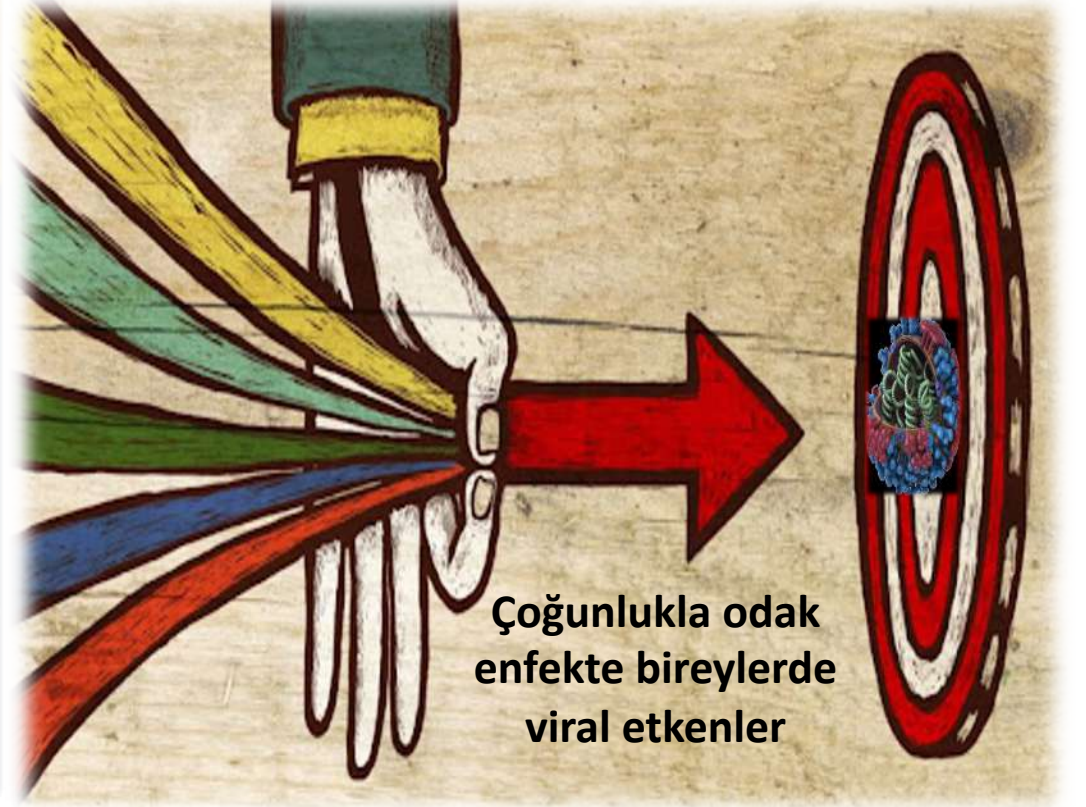
Species  
**Betacoronavirus Pandemicum**

# Baltimore & ICTV





{ İçimizde Yaşayan  
Virüsler Hakkında  
Sınırlı Bilgi }



Adapte olmuş virüsler çoğunlukla klinik olarak sessiz, karşı seçimden kaçınmak için konakçılarıyla dengede ..... viral kalıcılık



# İnsan Viromunu Tanımlamanın Zorlukları?

Kronik virüs infeksiyonları

Az sıklıkta

➤ Immunsupressif Hasta

➤ Bakteriler (16S r) aksine, virüsler korunan ortak bir gen-evrensel bir viral dizi ∅

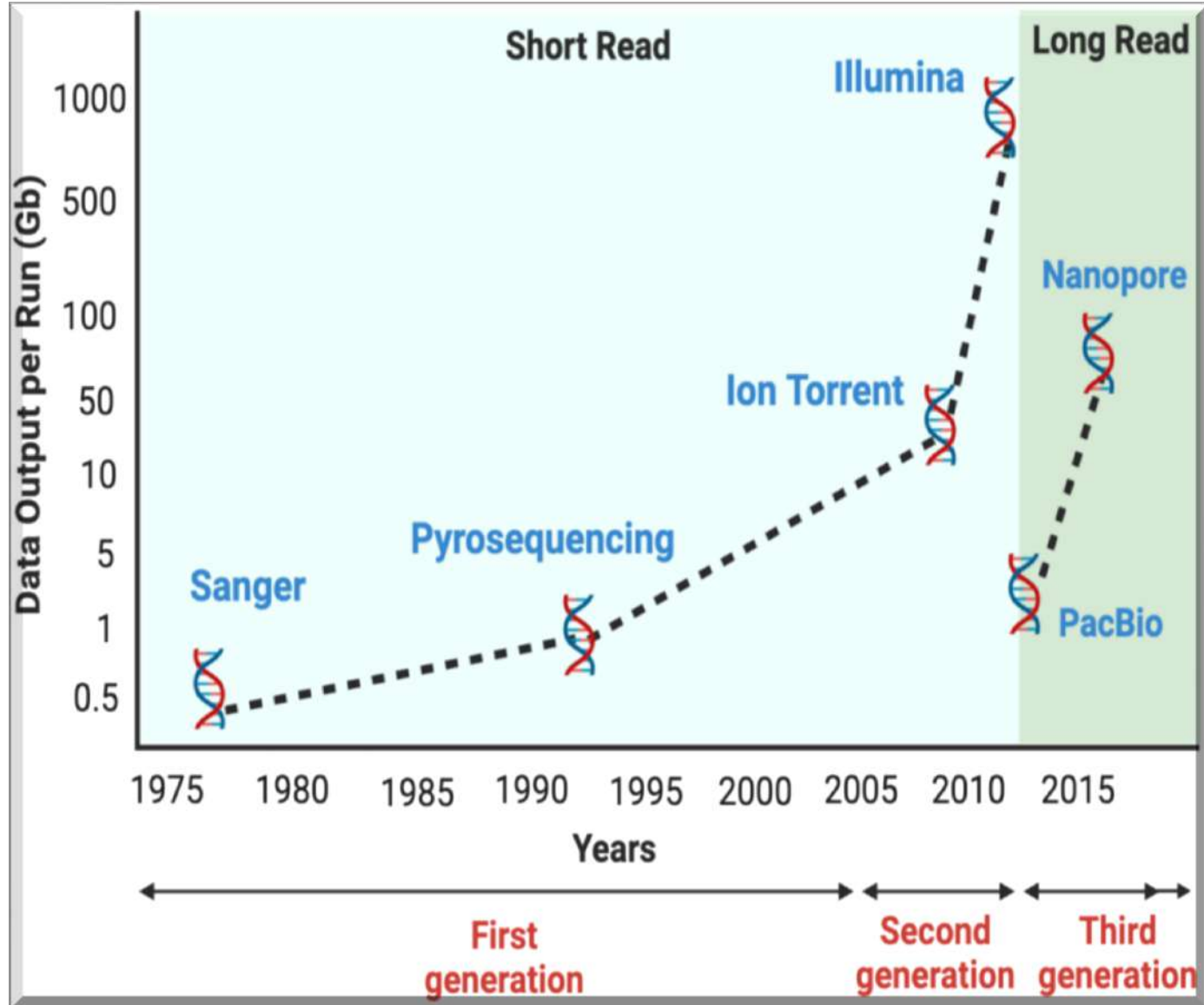
İnsan viromu veritabanı/kategorize zorluk 'karanlık madde' (%13 — %95 )

➤ Faj & konakçıları arasında ilinti kurmada zorluklar (CRISPR-cas?)

➤ Düşük biyokütleli örnekler viral titre ve DNA kont. (çevresel DNA ±)

Çözüm: Deneysel örneklerle birlikte birden fazla negatif C. analizi ve veritabanlarına negatif kontrol verileri †

# Dizileme Teknolojilerinin Evrimi



## Birinci Nesil

- Sanger Dizilemesi

## İkinci Nesil Dizileme

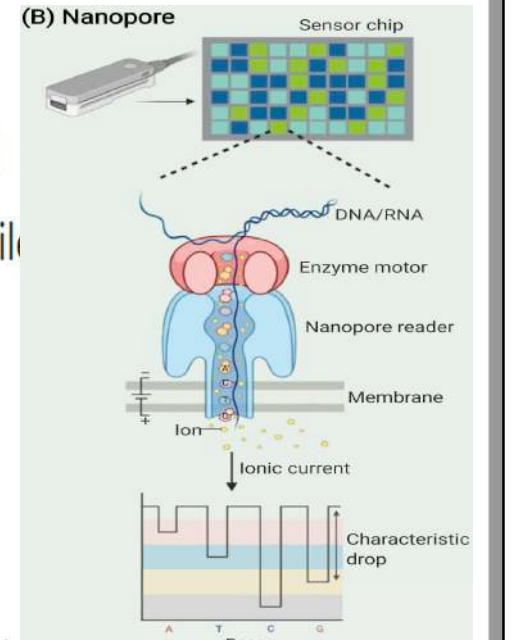
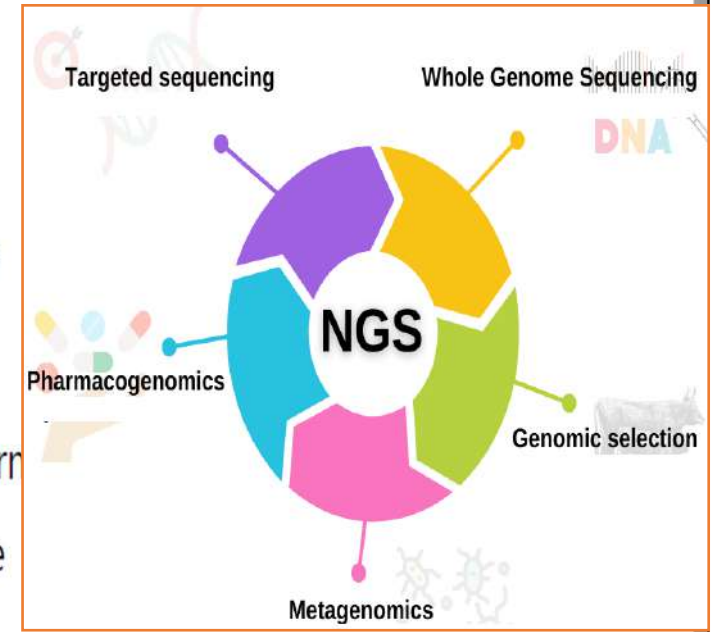
- Pirosekanslama
- Geri Dönüşümlü Ter
- Ligasyonla Dizileme

## Üçüncü Nesil Dizileme

- Tek Molekül Floresan Dizilemesi
- Tek Molekül Gerçek Zamanlı Dizileme
- Yarıiletken Dizileme
- Nanopore Dizileme

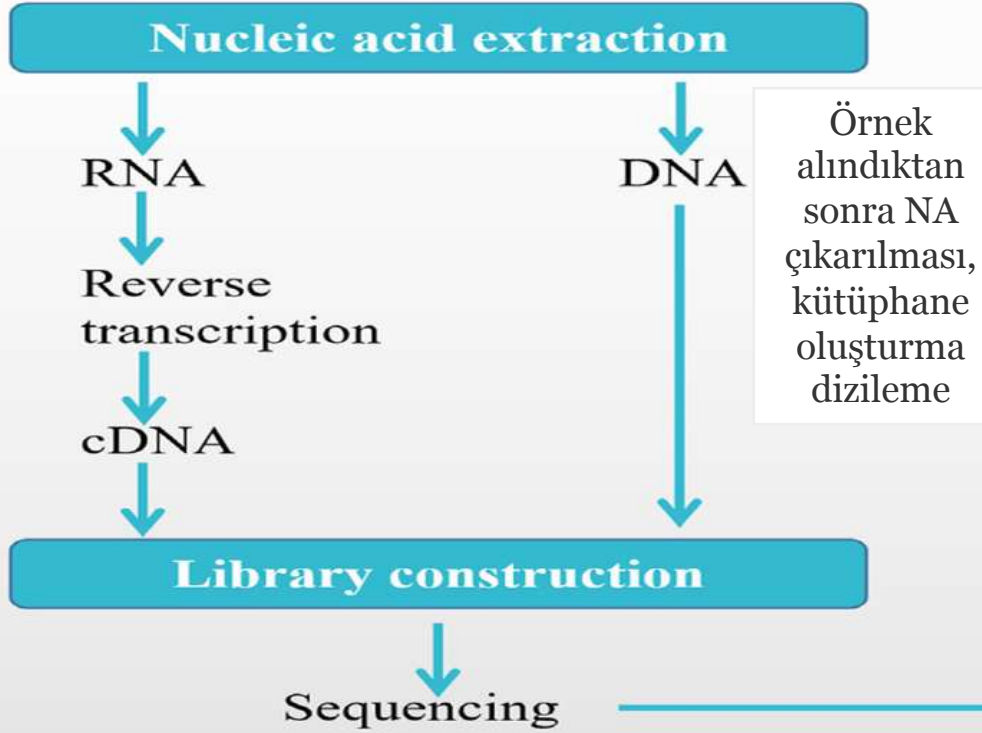
## Dördüncü Nesil Dizileme

Genomik analizin doğrudan hücre içerisinde yapılmasını amaçlar.

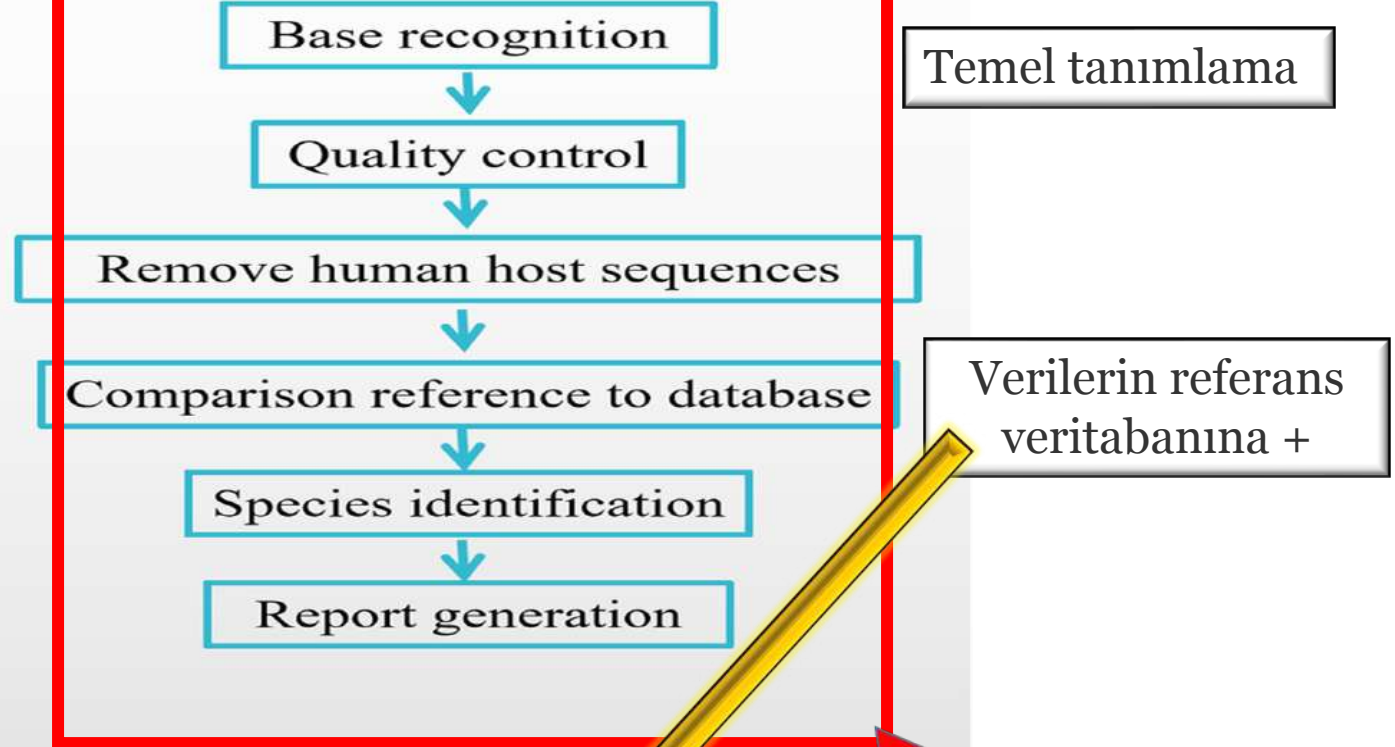


# Yeni Nesil Dizileme Analizi Akış Şeması

## A. Sequencing process



## B. Sequence analysis process



Genome

<ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes>

Search by taxonomic name or ID, Assembly name, BioProject, BioSample, WGS or Nucleotide accession

Search term

Try examples: [Homo sapiens](#) [GCF\\_000001405.40](#) [PRJNA489243](#) [SAMN15960293](#) [WFKY01](#) [GRCh38.p14](#) [NC\\_000913.3](#)

Biyoinformatik [metagenomik](#) kayıtlar kullanarak keşfedilmemiş virüslerin tespiti



JOURNAL OF BACTERIOLOGY, Oct. 2003, p. 6220–6223  
0021-9193/03/\$08.00+0 DOI: 10.1128/JB.185.20.6220-6223.2003  
Copyright © 2003, American Society for Microbiology. All Rights Reserved.

## Metagenomic Analyses of an Uncultured Viral Community from Human Feces

Mya Breitbart,<sup>1</sup> Ian Hewson,<sup>2</sup> Ben Felts,<sup>3</sup> Joseph M. Mahaffy,<sup>3</sup> James Nulton,<sup>3</sup>  
Peter Salamon,<sup>3</sup> and Forest Rohwer<sup>1,4\*</sup>

*Department of Biology,<sup>1</sup> Department of Mathematical Sciences,<sup>3</sup> and Center for Microbial Sciences,<sup>4</sup> University of California, San Diego, California 92182, and Department of Biology, University of Southern California, Los Angeles, California 90089*

Received 12 May 2003/Accepted 31 July 2003

Here we present the first metagenomic analyses of an uncultured viral community from human feces using partial shotgun sequencing. Most of the sequences were unrelated to anything previously known. The most recognizable viruses were mostly siphophages, and the community contained an estimated 100 genotypes.

İnsan Bağırsak Viromunun  
Çeşitliliği ilk Kez 2003'te



~ 20 yıl sonra

Son 20 Yılda  
Metagenomik Dizileme  
Biyoenformatik Analizlerde  
Gelişme

## Metagenomic compendium of 189,680 DNA viruses from the human gut microbiome

Stephen Nayfach , David Páez-Espino, Lee Call, Soo Jen Low, Hila Sberro, Natalia N. Ivanova, Amy D. Proal, Michael A. Fischbach, Ami S. Bhatt, Philip Hugenholtz & Nikos C. Kyrpides 

*Nature Microbiology* 12: 960–970 (2021) | [Cite this article](#)




47k Accesses | 218 Citations | 659 Altmetric | [Metrics](#)

### Abstract

Bacteriophages have important roles in the ecology of the human gut microbiome but are under-represented in reference databases. To address this problem, we assembled the Metagenomic Gut Virus catalogue that comprises 189,680 viral genomes from 11,810 publicly available human stool metagenomes. Over 75% of genomes represent double-stranded DNA phages that infect members of the Bacteroidia and Clostridia classes. Based on sequence clustering, we identified 54,118 candidate viral species, 92% of which were not found in existing databases. The Metagenomic Gut Virus catalogue improves detection of viruses in

Open Access Article

## VOGDB—Database of Virus Orthologous Groups

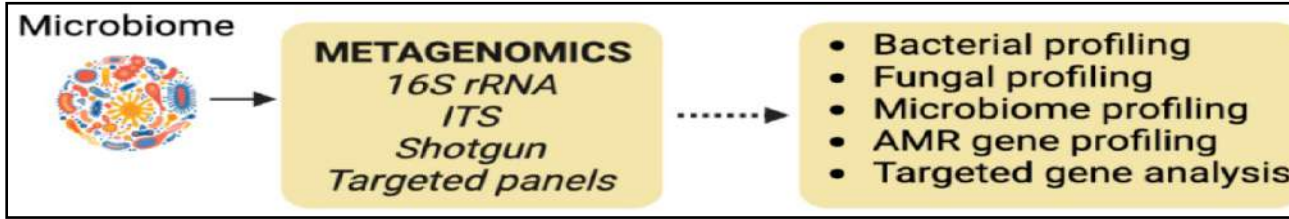
by Lovro Trgovec-Greif , Hans-Jörg Hellinger , Jean Mainguy , Alexander Pfundner ,  
Dmitrij Frishman , Michael Kiening , Nicole Suzanne Webster , Patrick William Laffy ,  
Michael Feichtinger  and Thomas Rattei  

*Viruses* 2024, 16(8), 1191; <https://doi.org/10.3390/v16081191>

Submission received: 1 July 2024 / Revised: 21 July 2024 / Accepted: 23 July 2024 / Published: 25 July 2024

- VOGDB (database of virus orthologous groups), virüs protein aileleri ve virüs protein yapısal kıvrımlarının analiz edildiği çok katmanlı bir veritabanı
- Katmanlar, daha yüksek dizi farklılaşmasında yansıtılan artan evrimsel mesafeye sahip proteinleri toplamak için tasarlanmış

# Metagenomik Veriler & Heterojen Mikrobiyal Topluluklar



## The New York Times

But in recent years, virologists have changed the way they hunt. Now they look for bits of genetic material in samples — water, mud, blood — and use sophisticated computer programs to recognize viral genes.

<https://www.nytimes.com/2020/03/24/science/viruses-coronavirus-biology.html>



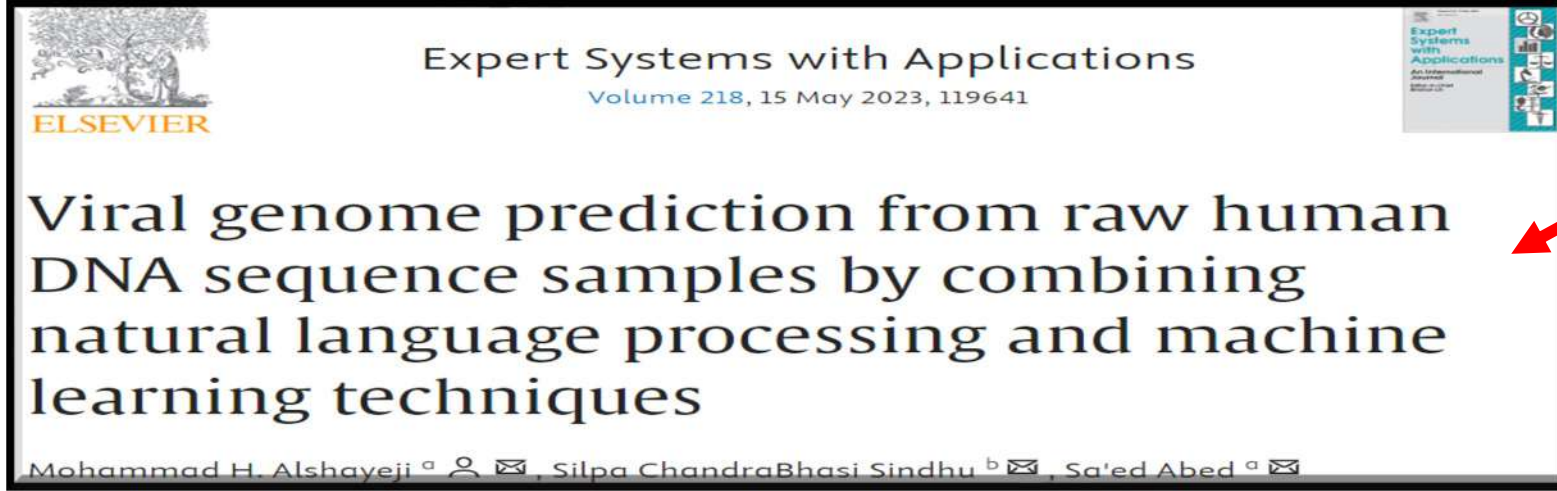
Başka  
Kim  
Var?

"Ne yapıyorlar« ???

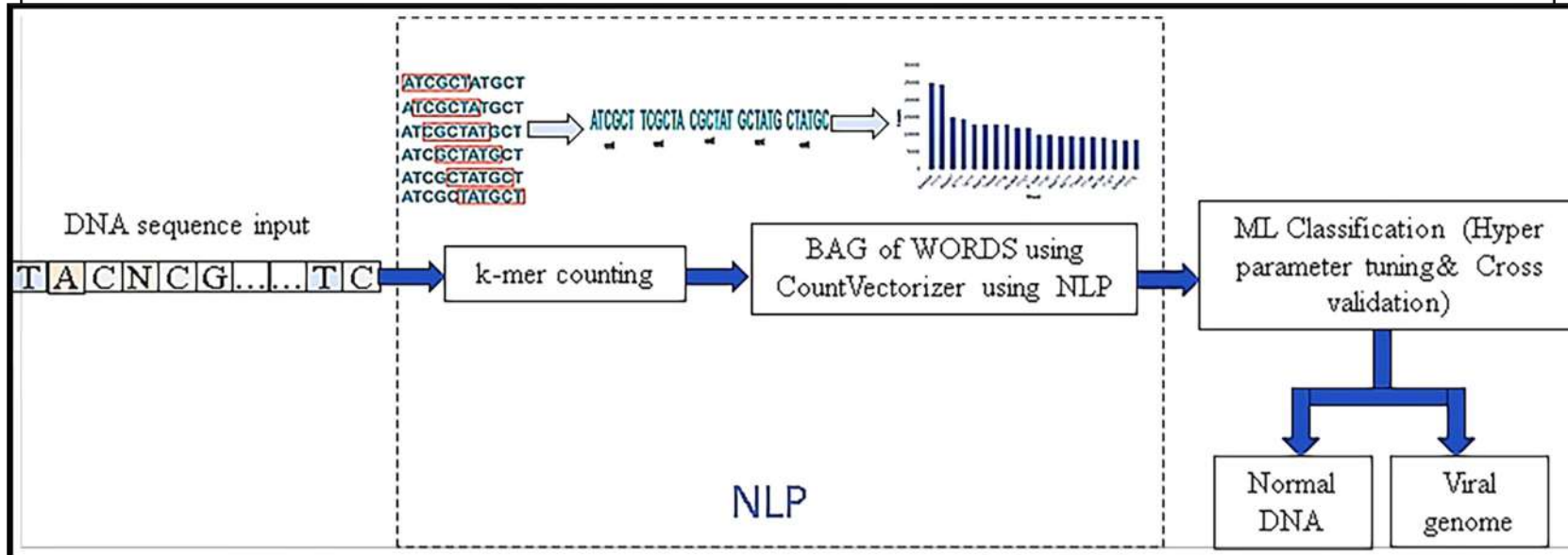
İşlev, Metabolik süreçler...

Metagenomik yöntemler, ileri yanıtama...

# İnsan Virom Analizi & Bilgisayar Yazılımları



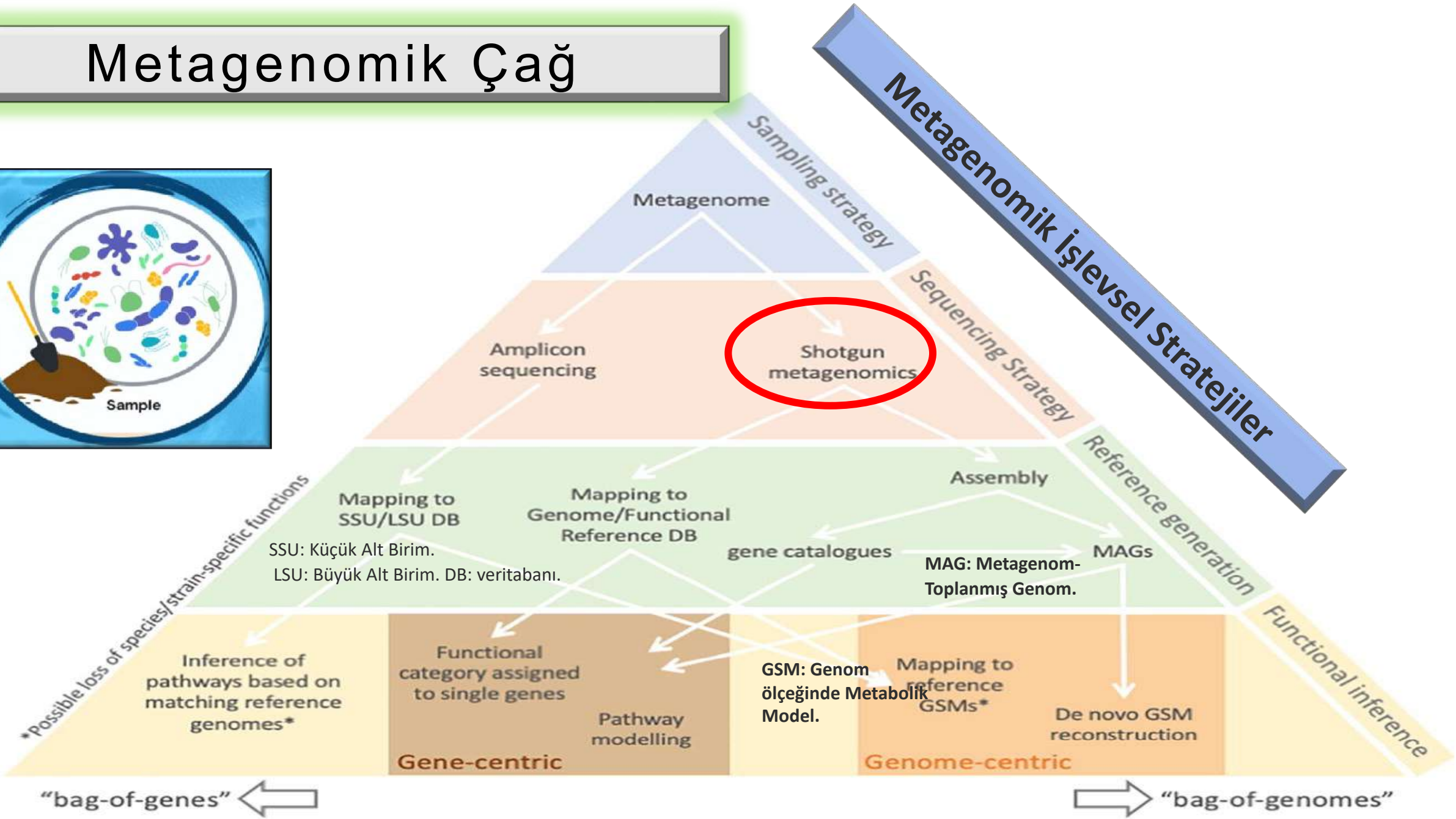
Ham insan DNA dizisi örneklerinden viral genom tahmini (Doğal dil işleme + makine öğrenim teknikleri)



- ❑ Viral ve viral olmayan dizileri ayırmak için vFams
- ❑ [Virüs analizi için Viral MetaGenome Annotation Pipeline \(VMGAP\)](#)
- ❑ Metagenomik Araştırma için Viral Bilişim Kaynağı (VIROME) ve Metavir 2, DisCVR
- ❑ SURPI (dizi tabanlı ultra hızlı patojen tanımlama) ve CZ ID (IDseq) gibi bulut tabanlı klinik metagenomik bilgi işlem iş akışları
- ❑ Tüm virüs genomik verileri Galaxy platformu (<https://usegalaxy.eu/>)



# Metagenomik Çağ



□ Sağlıklı insanlarda, 'normal- patojenik viromlar' arasındaki sınırlar net değil

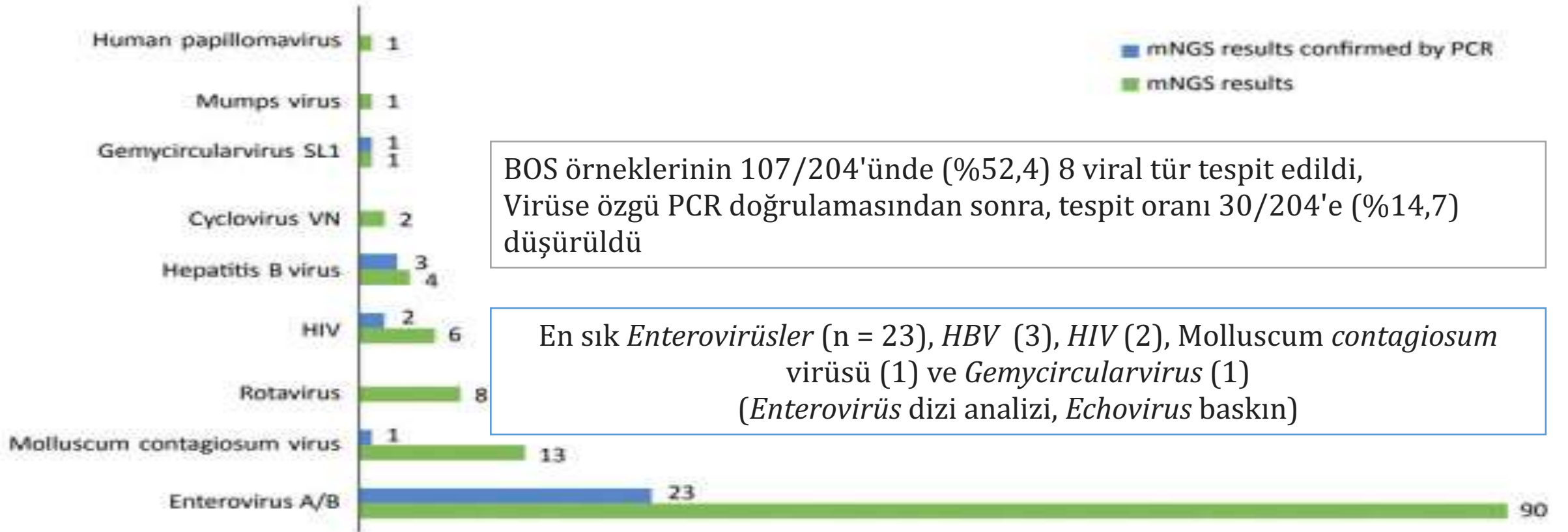
■ Metagenomik yöntemlerin rutin Lab. süreçleri ; testlerin duyarlılığı, özgüllüğü ve tekrarlanabilirliği...???

## Viral Metagenomic Analysis of Cerebrospinal Fluid from Patients with Acute Central Nervous System Infections of Unknown Origin, Vietnam

[Nguyen To Anh](#),<sup>✉</sup> [Le Nguyen Truc Nhu](#), [Nguyen Thi Thu Hong](#), [Tran My Phuc](#), [Pham Thi Thanh Tam](#), [Dang Thao Huong](#), [Tran Tuan Anh](#), [Xutao Deng](#), [Ho Dang Trung Nghia](#), [Tran Thua Nguyen](#), [Nguyen Van Hung](#), [Nguyen Dac Thuan](#), [Pham Thi Hong Phuong](#), [Nguyen Van Vinh Chau](#), [Stephen Baker](#), [Eric Delwart](#), [Guy Thwaites](#), [Le Van Tan](#),<sup>✉</sup> and for the VIZIONS Consortium<sup>1</sup>

► [Author information](#) ► [Copyright and License information](#) ► [PMC Disclaimer](#)

Akut MSS enfeksiyonu olan hastalardan alınan 204 beyin omurilik sıvısı (BOS) örneğindeki virüs tespitinde metagenomik NGS



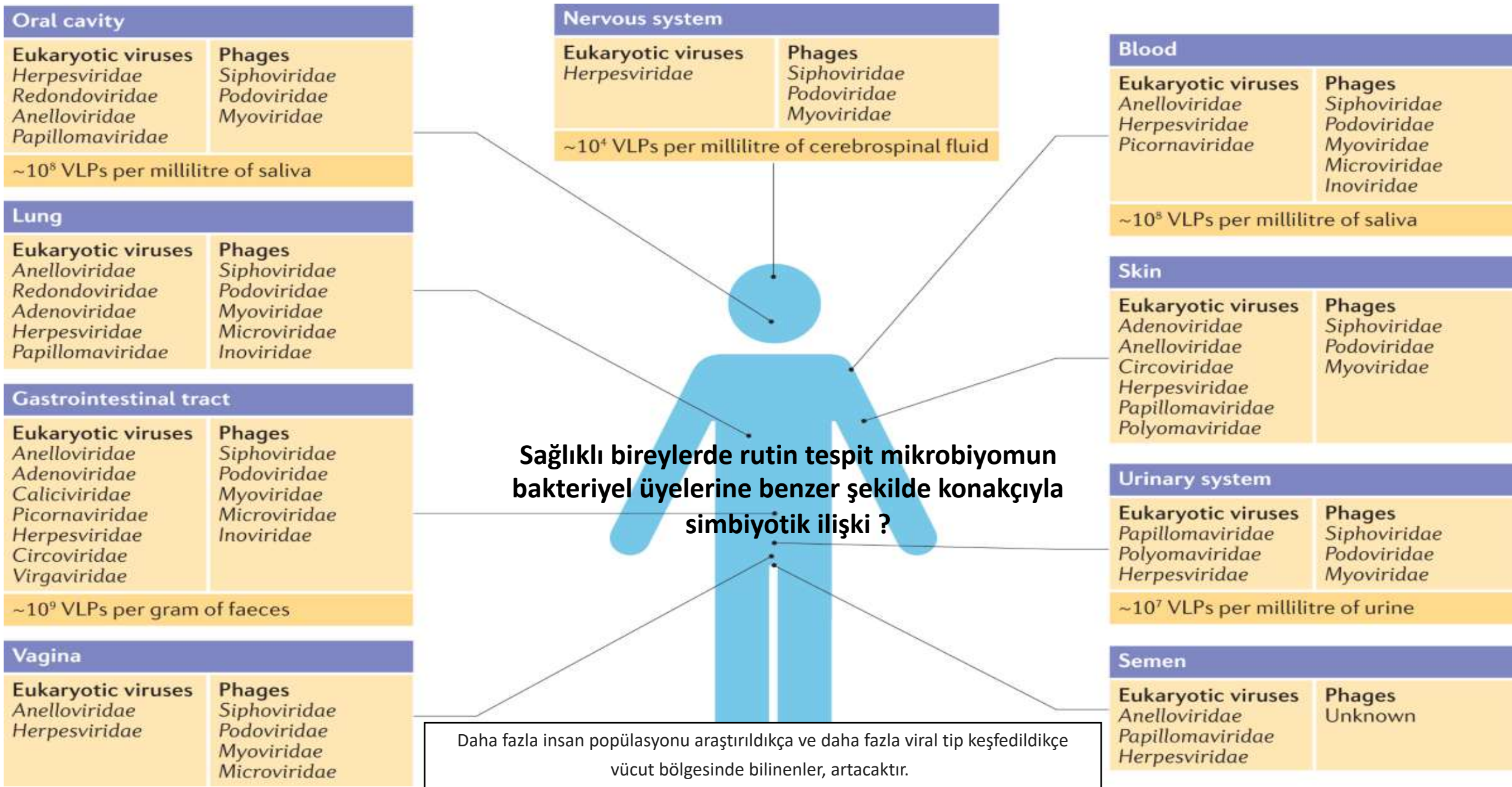


❑ Yakın zamanda çok sayıdaki derleme makalelerinde; insan vücudunun farklı bölgelerindeki çeşitli **Viromlar** ile insan konakçılar arasındaki etkileşimler sağlık ve hastalık yönüyle incelenmiş

❑ İnsan **Viromu**; vücudun her yerinde; deride, solunum, gastrointestinal, genital sistem ve sistemik dahil olmak üzere çeşitli örnek tiplerinde bulunabilir

Virom	Genom	Virüs Ailesi	Örnek
Deri	DNA	<i>Anelloviridae</i> <i>Circoviridae</i> <i>Herpesviridae</i> <i>Papillomaviridae</i> <i>Parvoviridae</i> <i>Polyomaviridae</i> <i>Poxviridae</i>	Torque teno virüs (TT, TTV) Gyrovirüs HHV7 Betapapillomavirüs (tip 5, 9, 49) Gama papillomavirüs (tip 4, 48, 50, 60, 88) Parvovirüs B19 Merkel hücreli polyoma virüs (MCPyV), HPyV6, HPyV7, HPyV9 Vaccinia virüs
Solunum Sistemi	DNA	<i>Adenoviridae</i> <i>Anelloviridae</i> <i>Herpesviridae</i> <i>Papillomaviridae</i> <i>Polyomaviridae</i> <i>Parvoviridae</i>	Adenovirüs türleri TTV HSV1 HPV11 KIPyV Bocavirüs
	RNA	<i>Coronaviridae</i> <i>Orthomyxoviridae</i> <i>Pneumoviridae</i> <i>Picornaviridae</i>	Coronavirüs OC43 Influenza virüs RSV Rhinovirüs
Gastrointestinal Sistem	DNA	<i>Adenoviridae</i> <i>Anelloviridae</i> <i>Circoviridae</i> <i>Herpesviridae</i> <i>Papillomaviridae</i> <i>Polyomaviridae</i>	Adenovirüs grup C ve F TT, TT mini virüs, TT midi virüs İnsan gyrovirüs CMV HPV6 BK virüs
	RNA	<i>Caliciviridae</i> <i>Reoviridae</i> <i>Picornaviridae</i> <i>Picobirnaviridae</i> <i>Astroviridae</i>	Norovirüs Rotavirüs Enterovirüs, Parechovirüs, Aichivirüs Picobirnavirüs Astrovirüs
Genital Sistem	DNA	<i>Adenoviridae</i> <i>Anelloviridae</i> <i>Herpesviridae</i> <i>Papillomaviridae</i> <i>Polyomaviridae</i>	Adenovirüs türleri TTV HSV2 HPV16 BK virüs
Sistemik	DNA	<i>Adenoviridae</i> <i>Anelloviridae</i> <i>Herpesviridae</i> <i>Parvoviridae</i> <i>Polyomaviridae</i>	Adenovirüs türleri TTV, TT-like mini virüs Nöronlarda HSV, VZV; dolaşımdaki lenfositlerde CMV, EBV, HHV6, HHV7 Parvovirüs B19 BK virüs
	RNA	<i>Bornaviridae</i> <i>Flaviviridae</i> <i>Retroviridae</i>	Bornavirüs GB virüs C Endojen retrovirüsler

Sağlıklı bireylerden sıklıkla izole edilen virüsler (Bozdayi, Gülelendam & Fidan, Işıl. 2021)





# Virom & İnsan Hastalıkları Etkileşimleri

- Gastrointestinal sistemin **V**irom içeriğindeki değişimler;
- ✓ **O**toimmün
- ✓ **M**etabolik
- ✓ **O**nkolojik ve
- ✓ **İ**nfeksiyon hastalıklarının patogeneğinde

# Viromdaki Değişimler, Otoimmün Hastalıkların Potansiyel Tetikleyicisi ?

> Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2017 Jul 25;114(30):E6166-E6175. doi: 10.1073/pnas.1706359114. Epub 2017 Jul 10.

## Intestinal virome changes precede autoimmunity in type I diabetes-susceptible children

Guoyan Zhao<sup>1</sup>, Tommi Vatanen<sup>2 3</sup>, Lindsay Droit<sup>4</sup>, Arnold Park<sup>4</sup>, Aleksandar D Kostic<sup>2</sup>, Tiffany W Poon<sup>2</sup>, Hera Vlamakis<sup>2</sup>, Heli Siljander<sup>5 6</sup>, Taina Härkönen<sup>5 6</sup>, Anu-Maaria Hämäläinen<sup>7</sup>, Aleksandr Peet<sup>8 9</sup>, Vallo Tillmann<sup>8 9</sup>, Jorma Ilonen<sup>10</sup>, David Wang<sup>4 11</sup>, Mikael Knip<sup>5 6 12 13</sup>, Ramnik J Xavier<sup>2 14</sup>, Herbert W Virgin<sup>1</sup>

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 28696303 PMCID: PMC5544325 DOI: 10.1073/pnas.1706359114

- Viral popülasyonlardaki değişiklikler  
Pediatrik tip 1 DM gelişimiyle ilişkili
- *Circoviridae* ile ilişkili dizilerden anlamlı artış

> Gut. 2020 Aug;69(8):1416-1422. doi: 10.1136/gutjnl-2019-319809. Epub 2019 Nov 19.

## Metagenomics of the faecal virome indicate a cumulative effect of enterovirus and gluten amount on the risk of coeliac disease autoimmunity in genetically at risk children: the TEDDY study

Katri Lindfors<sup># 1</sup>, Jake Lin<sup># 2 3</sup>, Hye-Seung Lee<sup>4</sup>, Heikki Hyöty<sup>2</sup>, Matti Nykter<sup>2</sup>, Kalle Kurppa<sup>2 5 6</sup>, Edwin Liu<sup>7 8</sup>, Sibylle Koletzko<sup>9 10</sup>, Marian Rewers<sup>11</sup>, William Hagopian<sup>12</sup>, Jorma Toppari<sup>13 14</sup>, Annette-Gabriele Ziegler<sup>15 16 17</sup>, Beena Akolkar<sup>18</sup>, Jeffrey P Krischer<sup>4</sup>, Joseph F Petrosino<sup>19</sup>, Richard E Lloyd<sup>19</sup>, Daniel Agardh<sup>20</sup>; TEDDY Study Group

Collaborators, Affiliations + expand

PMID: 31744911 PMCID: PMC7234892 DOI: 10.1136/gutjnl-2019-319809

- Bir metagenomik çalışmada, 1-2 yaş arasında *Enterovirüse* sık maruz kalan çocukların Çölyak hastalığı riski daha yüksek

# Whole-Virome Analysis Sheds Light on Viral Dark Matter in Inflammatory Bowel Disease

Adam G. Clooney <sup>1,3,6</sup> · Thomas DS Sutton <sup>1,3</sup> · Andrey N. Skoporov <sup>1</sup> · ... · Scott E. Plevy <sup>2,5</sup> · R. Paul Ross <sup>1</sup> · Colin Hill <sup>1</sup> · ... Show more

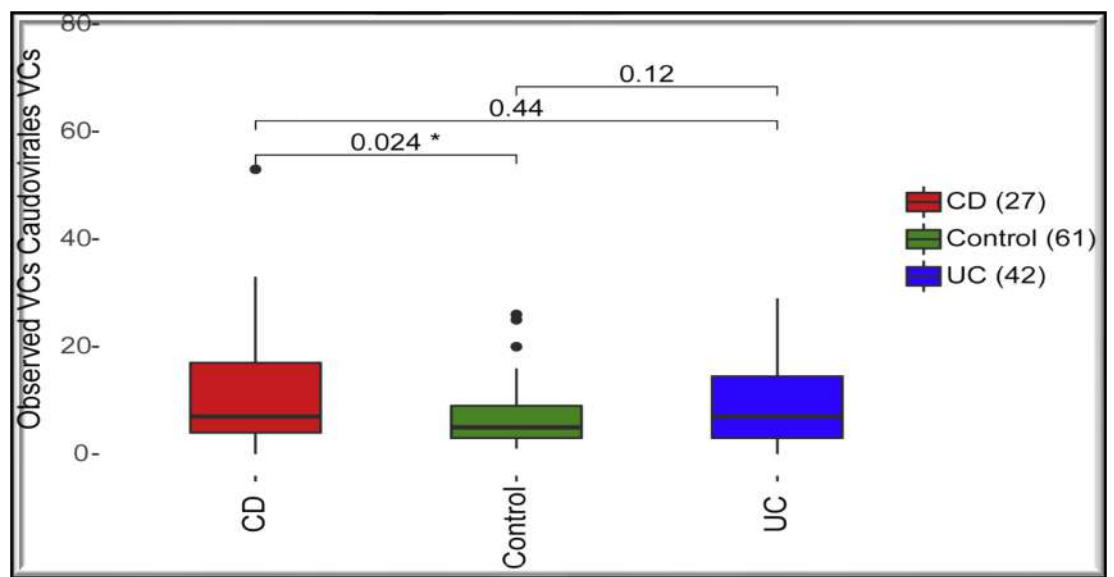
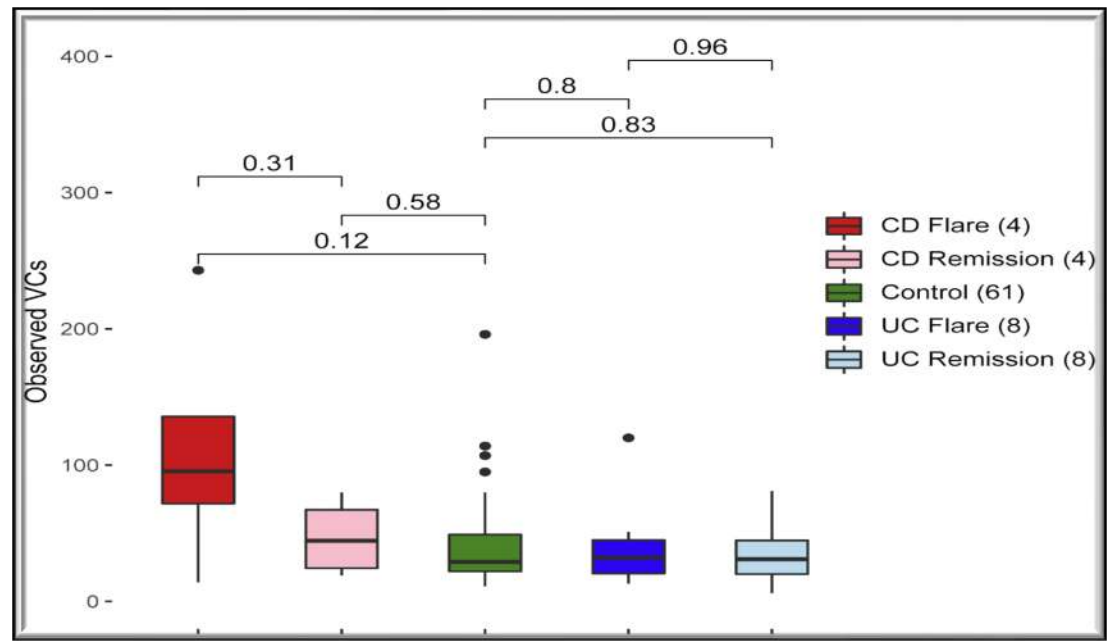
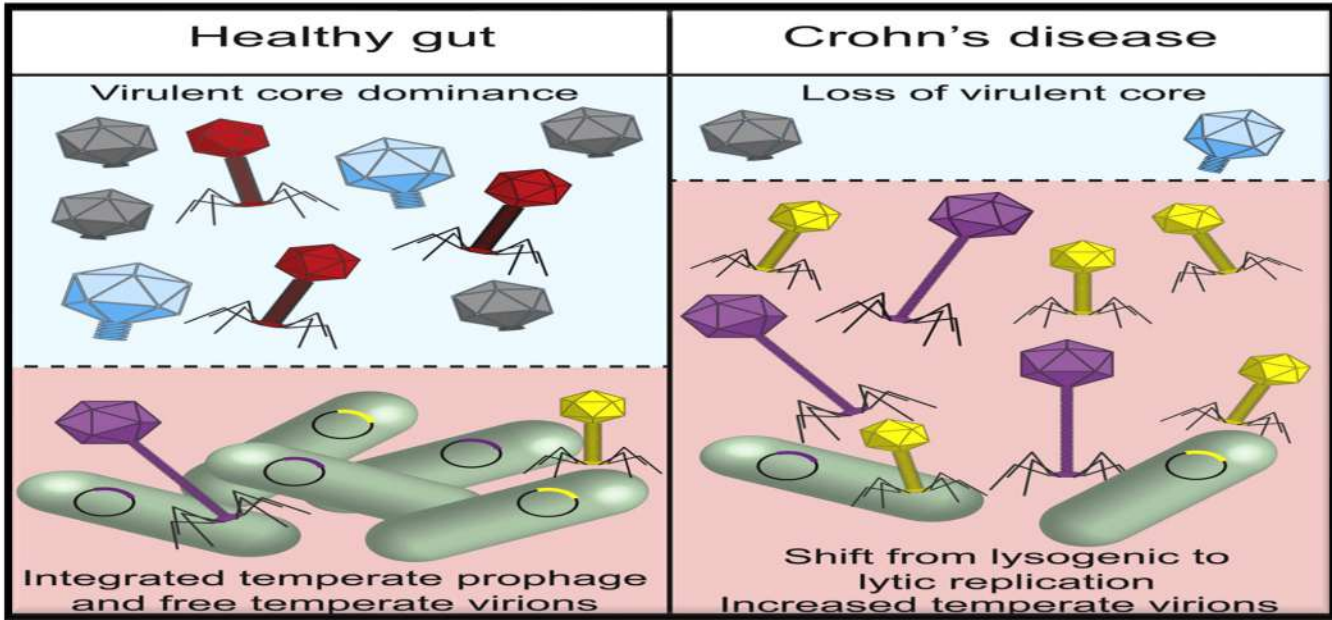
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## Highlights

Show Outline

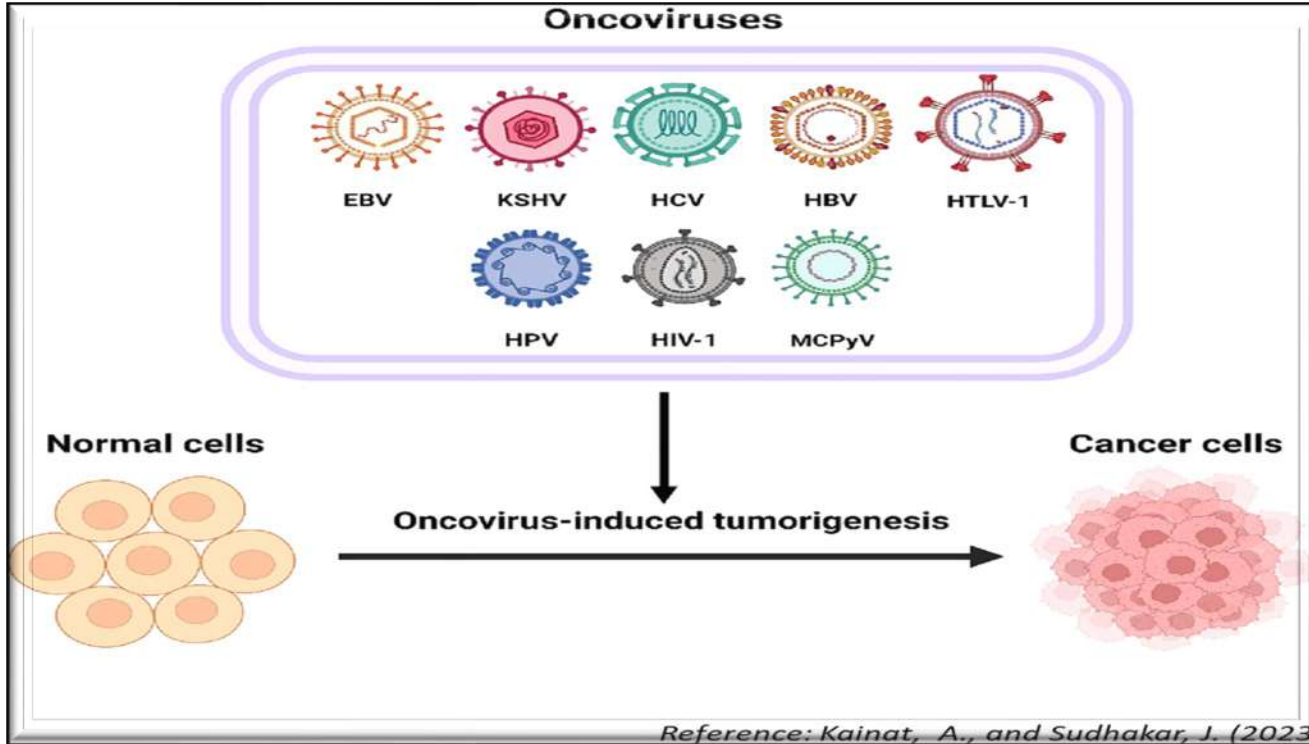
- Analyzing viral dark matter changes our understanding of the gut virome
- Gene-based clustering can address the challenges of high inter-individual variation
- Healthy human gut virome is dominated by a stable core of virulent bacteriophages
- In Crohn's disease, the virulent core is replaced with temperate bacteriophages



Crohn hastalığı olan bireylerde virulan core kaybı fajlarda litik replikasyon yönünde değişim.



# Onkovirüsler & Sessiz Tehdit

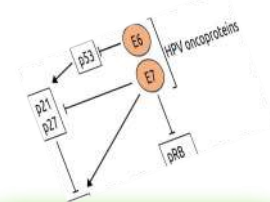


HPV, HIV ve Hepatit B ve C  
Bazı Kanserle İlişkili Virüsler için Tarama Testleri

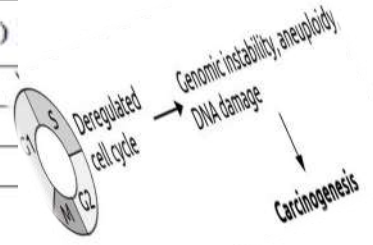


Virus Family	Virus	Cancer Type
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Virus Family	Virus	Cancer Type
<b>Papillomaviridae</b>	HPV-16	Anal
	HPV	Bladder
	HPV-16, -18	Cervical
	HPV-18	Colorectal
	HPV-16, -18, -26, -57	Esophageal
	HPV-16	Head and neck (SCC)
	HPV-6	Oral
	HPV-16	Prostate
	HPV-16, -18, -58	Renal
	HPV-5, -8	Skin and mucosal
	HPV-16	Vulvar
	BKV	Bladder
<b>Polyomaviridae</b>	BKV	Colorectal
	JCV	Colorectal
	MCV	Merkel cell carcinoma
	HIV	Anal
<b>Retroviridae</b>	HIV	Cervical
	HIV	Kaposi sarcoma
	HIV	Lymphoma (NHL)
	HIV	Lymphoma (NHL)
	HTLV-1	Lymphoma (ATLL)



**Herpesviridae**



CMV (HHV5)	Colorectal
EBV (HHV4)	Colorectal
EBV (HHV4)	Esophageal
EBV (HHV4)	Gastric
EBV (HHV4)	Hepatic
EBV (HHV4)	Lymphoma (Burkitt)
EBV (HHV4)	Lymphoma (DLBCL)
EBV (HHV4)	Lymphoma (PTCL)
EBV (HHV4)	Oral
EBV (HHV4)	Skin and mucosal
HHV6	Lymphoma (DLBCL)
HHV6	Malignant melanoma
HHV7	Bladder
HHV7	Lymphoma (CTCL)
HHV7	Oral
HSV (HHV1/2)	Oral
KSHV (HHV8)	Kaposi sarcoma
HBV	Bile duct
HBV	Colorectal
HBV	Hepatic
HBV	Pancreatic
HCV	Bile duct
HCV	Hepatic
TTV	Hepatic
HBoV	Colorectal
HBoV	Lung
HBoV	Tonsillar
Orthobunyaviruses	Colorectal
Parvoviruses	Skin
Anelloviruses	Mucosal
Anelloviruses	Leukemias

**Others**

- ❑ İnsanlarda bilinen çok sayıda virüs
- ❑ Bilinmeyen virüsler potansiyel zoonozların ~%99,9'u
- ❑ Genellikle insanlarda hastalığa neden olana kadar tespit edilemiyor

Carroll, D · Watson, B · Togami, E · et al.

**Building a global atlas of zoonotic viruses** *Bull World Health Organ.* 2018; **96**:292-294



COMMENT · Volume 7, Issue 10, E1314-E1316, October 2019 · Open Access

## Do we need a Global Virome Project?

[Olga Jonas](#)<sup>a,b</sup> · [Richard Seifman](#)<sup>a,b</sup> 

[Affiliations & Notes](#)  [Article Info](#) 

Dünya Hayvan Sağlığı Örgütü'ne göre, insanlarda semptomlara neden olabilen ve hatta insanları öldürebilen patojenlerin ~ %60'ı hayvan kaynaklı

Yeni keşfedilen kıtalar için  
harita yapımına benzer şekilde,  
Küresel Virom Projesi ??

Küresel Virom Projesine ihtiyacımız var mı?





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<sup>c</sup> The Peterson Institute for International Economics, Washington, D.C., USA

<sup>d</sup> Centre for Economic Policy Research, UK

**Table 5** Cumulative change in real **GSYIH** GDP between 2020 and 2025 in \$US billion.

Country/Region	S01	S02	S03	S04	S05	S06
Argentina	-97.90	-142.96	-133.20	-144.15	-217.77	-105.23
Australia	-151.62	-206.04	-194.11	-223.98	-306.63	-164.96
Brazil	-601.72	-850.06	-803.42	-894.06	-1271.31	-629.38
Canada	-157.81	-235.79	-199.68	-232.82	-397.54	-169.24
China	-2632.94	-3729.39	-3335.64	-3853.41	-4924.32	-2712.79
France	-453.07	-579.95	-574.24	-660.97	-785.72	-464.21
Germany	-572.43	-661.79	-724.20	-835.99	-989.42	-639.92
India	-1305.01	-2002.01	-1710.71	-1919.82	-2914.95	-1368.91
Indonesia	-346.52	-482.43	-466.02	-513.16	-650.71	-356.93
Italy	-441.37	-564.64	-572.68	-651.65	-830.45	-442.69
Japan	-915.44	-1134.07	-1171.28	-1349.83	-1561.81	-1000.38
Mexico	-239.44	-331.70	-328.78	-352.55	-573.36	-225.87
Other Asia	-367.02	-500.63	-484.77	-547.04	-690.66	-368.81
Other oil-producing countries	-515.42	-755.64	-672.22	-752.39	-1046.04	-528.27
Republic of Korea	-139.00	-156.05	-183.12	-208.24	-280.84	-141.60
Rest of Euro Zone	-159.95	-215.83	-205.96	-234.89	-339.61	-162.60
Rest of OECD	-317.50	-411.33	-397.68	-467.34	-585.80	-355.28
Rest of the World	-356.24	-580.25	-461.47	-527.31	-777.83	-368.28
Russia	-3699.76	-5099.90	-4830.93	-5490.82	-6968.17	-3868.80
Saudi Arabia	-535.23	-630.72	-681.46	-749.36	-845.95	-438.49
South Africa	-2039.51	-3012.59	-2609.24	-3024.52	-3678.91	-2068.51
Turkey	-460.45	-598.97	-612.95	-686.76	-687.51	-462.08
United Kingdom	-161.24	-214.32	-209.89	-238.15	-381.39	-179.97
United States of America	-901.53	-1106.08	-1115.56	-1263.40	-3653.80	-1026.25
<b>Total for the World</b>	<b>-17,568.13</b>	<b>-24,203.14</b>	<b>-22,679.19</b>	<b>-25,822.62</b>	<b>-35,360.49</b>	<b>-18,249.44</b>

Source: Constructed by the Authors using G-Cubed Simulations.



[Bull World Health Organ.](#) 2018 Apr 1; 96(4): 292–294.

Published online 2018 Mar 5. doi: [10.2471/BLT.17.205005](#)

PMCID: PMC5872013

PMID: [29695886](#)

## Building a global atlas of zoonotic viruses

[Dennis Carroll](#),<sup>a</sup> [Brooke Watson](#),<sup>b</sup> [Eri Togami](#),<sup>MC</sup> [Peter Daszak](#),<sup>b</sup> [Jonna AK Mazet](#),<sup>c</sup> [Cara J Chrisman](#),<sup>a</sup> [Edward M Rubin](#),<sup>d</sup> [Nathan Wolfe](#),<sup>d</sup> [Carlos M Morel](#),<sup>e</sup> [George F Gao](#),<sup>f</sup> [Gian Luca Burci](#),<sup>g</sup> [Keiji Fukuda](#),<sup>h</sup> [Prasert Auewarakul](#),<sup>j</sup> and [Oyewale Tomori](#)<sup>k</sup>

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At the Prince Mahidol Awards Conference on 30 January 2018 in Bangkok, Thailand, policy- and decision-makers, experts, researchers, donors and private sector representatives from across the globe came together to introduce and explore the dynamics of the Global Virome Project. The project is an innovative 10-year proposed partnership to develop a global atlas of most of the planet's naturally occurring potentially zoonotic viruses. The project aims to transform the study of emerging diseases by building an unprecedented database of viruses in their ecological contexts.

### Küresel Virom Projesi

potansiyel zoonotik virüslerinin çoğunun küresel bir atlasını geliştirmek için önerilen 10 yıllık

Çin (Hastalık Kontrol ve Önleme Merkezi) Küresel Virom Projesi için maliyet tahminleri, 10 yıllık bir süre için 1,2-3,4 milyar \$

Küresel kayıplar 2020'de 283 milyar-1,9 trilyon \$

~ %0,2 den daha az



# PREDICT

LEGACY & DATA

PREDICT's work illuminated both the threat that emerging viruses pose to us, as well as the impact that strategic investments in strengthening preemptive capacity for virus surveillance can have on rapid disease detection and response.

## 6.8k

### INDIVIDUALS TRAINED

*Developed the One Health Workforce by training more than 6,800 people in over 30 countries.*

## 164k

### ANIMALS & PEOPLE SAMPLED

*Operationalized One Health surveillance and sampled over 164K animals and people, helping minimize the spillover of zoonotic disease threats from animals into human populations.*

## 949

### NOVEL VIRUSES DETECTED

*Detected over 1,100 unique viruses (949 novel, 217 known), including zoonotic diseases of public health concern such as Bombali ebolavirus, Zaire ebolavirus, Marburg virus, and MERS- and SARS-like coronaviruses.*

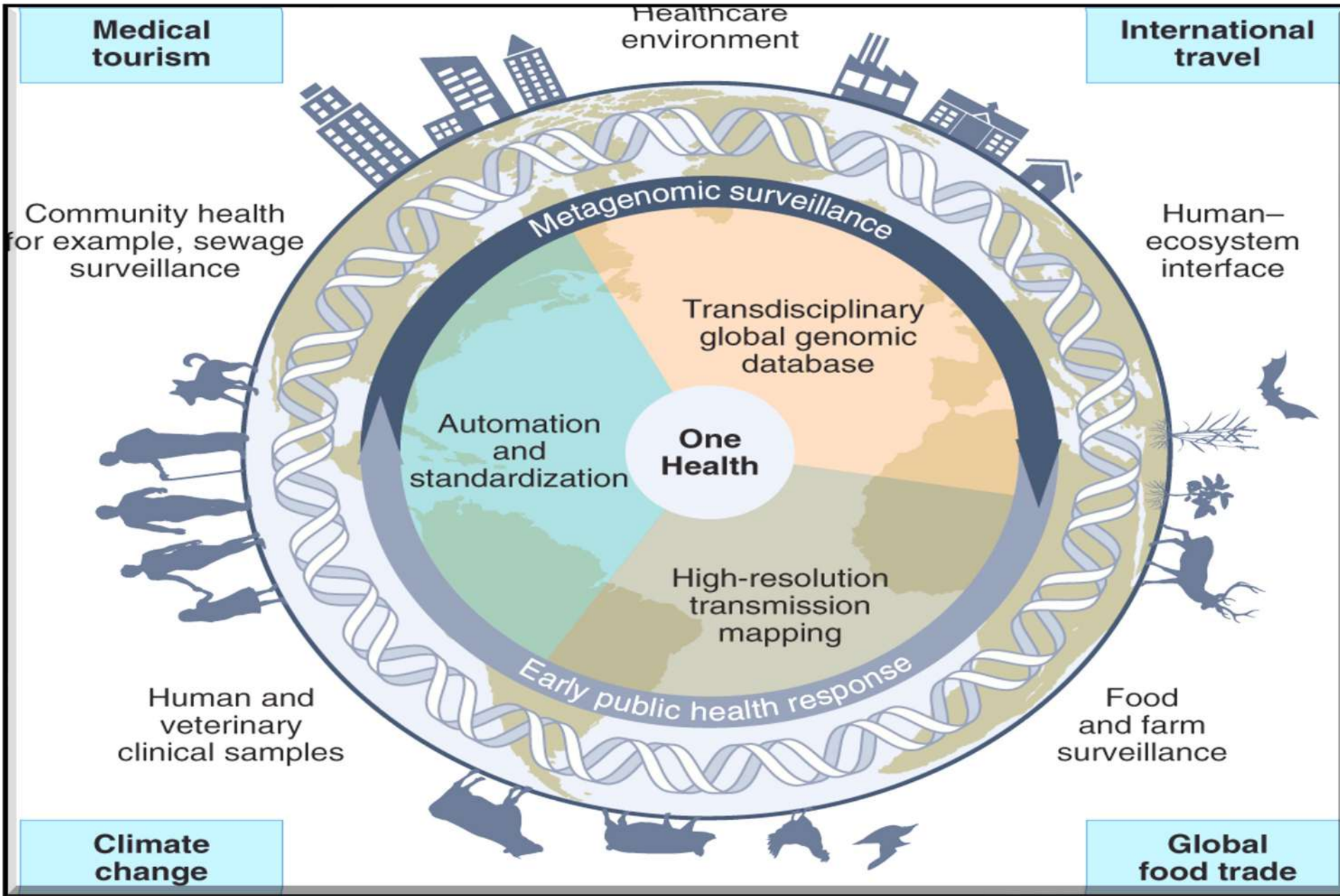


## 10 YEARS OF PREDICT

PREDICT enabled global surveillance of pathogens that can spillover from animal hosts to people by building capacities to detect and discover viruses of pandemic potential. The project is part of USAID's Emerging Pandemic Threats program and is led by the UC Davis One Health Institute.

[Learn more](#)

- ❖ **Viral diziler,**
- ❖ Coğrafi aralıklar ve
- ❖ Konak dağılımları hakkındaki bilgi tabanını genişletmek,  
insanlığın zorlu mikrobiyal düşmanı hakkında bilgiler  
edinmek



Tüm ülkelerin aktif katılımı

Özellikle en yoksul ülkelerde kamu sağlığına ve kalkınmaya daha fazla yatırım

Hastalık birçok ülkeye yayılıp küresel bir pandemi başladığında sınırların kapatılması çok geç olabilir





**Gelecekte**  
**İnsan Virobiyomunun**  
*bilinmeyen yönlerini, potansiyel tehdit*  
*oluşturabilecek virüsleri ve olası*  
*salgınlara karşı proaktif yaklaşımları yeni*  
*bilgiler ile analiz ederek daha iyi*  
*anlayabileceğiz.*

**TEŞEKKÜRLER...**

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- virüsler evrimin atölyesi

- Virom, mikrobiyomu düzenleyebilir ve bakteri karmaşıklığını etkileyebilir, 'kazananı öldür' ekolojik modeli
- Bu modelde, en bol bulunan bakteriler fajları tarafından öldürülür, diğer bakteri taksonları ekolojik nişi ele geçirir ve daha sonra fajları tarafından öldürülür
- ancak gözlemlenen farklılıklar, disbiyozu tersine çevirmeyi amaçlayan hedefli mikrobiyota manipülasyonları